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## ABSTRACT

This report is based on surveys of unified school districts, elementary school districts, high school districts, county offices of education, and state special schools in California. Performed by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee (JLAC), the document provides the state legislature an assessment of the facility and personnel needs facing California's schools as reported by the districts themselves. In assessing how personnel and facility needs differ among districts, the JLAC divided districts into 6 groupings based on average daily attendance. After describing the methodology, the report provides a breakdown of the needs and costs of administrators, teachers, classified personnel, and facilities. Among the findings, schools reported a need for 484.63 administrators, 9,204.75 additional teachers, and 3,302.43 more classified positions to maintain current levels of service. To maintain current services, districts reported it would cost over \$18 million; the implementation of anticipated improvement would cost over \$24 million. Also, all school districts reported that the class-size reduction program displaced other programs. The report discusses the need for emergency permits, for additional classrooms, the availability of sites for school construction, child development and child care, and joint-use facilities. An appendix provides more information on displaced programs and other needs. The survey instrument appears at the back. (RJM)

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Prepared by:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE  
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# CALIFORNIA'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS

## *A Needs Assessment*

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*This report has been prepared by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee of the  
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# **Introduction**

## **THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE** **Making Government Accountable To California Taxpayers**

In the mid-1950's the California Legislature embarked on a bold policy to invest in a state infrastructure that would spur economic development and guarantee that future generations of Californians would enjoy the full promise of this Golden State - the best schools - the best hospitals, the best libraries. Freeways and aqueducts were built from Eureka to San Diego. This was likely the most massive effort of its kind ever seen in this country and perhaps in the world.

But with this policy came a great responsibility, a responsibility to ensure that government remained accountable to California's taxpayers for performance and for each and every tax dollar spent. The citizen legislators of the time saw the need to create, by statute, a watchdog committee that would be free from political influence and the influence of special interests. To this end, they created the Joint Legislative Audit Committee, a committee like no other in government, a committee charged with making government accountable to California's taxpayers.

### **JLAC'S LEGISLATIVE ROLE**

JLAC is unique in many ways. JLAC does not consider bills nor does it debate the merits of proposed legislation like standing committees of the Legislature. Independently, and through the Auditor General/State Auditor, JLAC investigates, studies, analyzes and assesses the financial practices and the performance of existing governmental and/or publicly created entities in California, in order to assist those entities in fulfilling the purpose for which they were created by the Legislature. If statutes or regulations are found to limit the effectiveness of government, JLAC may propose changes in law. If government does not produce the intended outcomes, JLAC may propose changes to maximize effectiveness or even recommend eliminating ineffective public entities and laws altogether. To accomplish these ends, the Committee was granted broad authority. Historically, for every dollar spent on auditing and investigating, JLAC and the Auditor General/State Auditor have identified \$11 in savings.

### **JLAC'S AUTHORITY**

JLAC derives its authority from statute, the Joint Rules of the Legislature and the California Constitution. In addition to directing the work of the Auditor General/State Auditor, JLAC enjoys the authority to examine the performance and the financial affairs of any and all existing public entities in the State and to conduct hearings at any time and at any place in the State without approvals or the restrictions that are attached to other committees.

## **JLAC'S STRUCTURE**

JLAC was crafted to be non-partisan and continues to fiercely guard its non-partisan tradition. JLAC is composed of 7 Senators and 7 Members of the Assembly. By statute, the Chair of JLAC is elected and serves until the position becomes vacant. Committee vacancies occur upon the non-reelection to office of a Committee member. The citizen Legislators constructed a committee that would not be subject to political whim or changing political agendas.

## **BACKGROUND**

In 1996, the Legislature adopted the Class Size Reduction (CSR) program. The implementation of this program has arguably created the greatest immediate need for personnel and facilities in the history of California public education. Senate Bill 1777 (Chapter 163) established the CSR program and Senate Bill 1989 (Chapter 164) established the CSR Facilities Funding Program.

The 1996-97 State Budget provided \$771 million in ongoing operational funds and \$200 million in one-time facilities funds. The 1997-98 budget added \$718 million for a total of \$1.5 billion allocation to implement the CSR program.

According to a recent Legislative Analyst report, "Class Size Reduction" 1997 policy brief, of the 895 school districts eligible for the CSR program, 95 percent or 853 districts elected to participate. Among the findings, the LAO reported that, "Teachers Hired for CSR Are Less Qualified," and "Districts Are Running Out of Low-Cost Options for New Facilities." An available supply of qualified teachers and facilities is vital to the success of the CSR program. Despite broad participation by school districts throughout the state, local school officials have echoed the LAO findings regarding their ability to provide both the facilities and the personnel required for effective implementation of the CSR program.

Facilities and personnel shortages in our schools are further compounded as California public education faces an unparalleled growth in student enrollment. According to the Department of Finance, California student enrollment is expected to grow by approximately 1 million students by the year 2006. While student enrollment growth nationwide is expected to level off at a 20 percent increase by the year 2000, California growth projections show a continued increase in student enrollment through 2006. Furthermore the expected increase in elementary student enrollment will result in rapid high school enrollment growth.

Consequently, the CSR program is only the first of the challenges facing California's public education system as it attempts to meet the facilities and personnel demands of its rapidly growing student enrollment. While we anticipate that there will be ample evaluation of student achievement under the CSR program, this survey was conducted for the purpose of determining from each district's point of view, personnel and facilities needs as well as their ability to meet the needs of a growing student population.

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## METHODOLOGY

Surveys were mailed by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee to 309 Unified School Districts, 586 Elementary School Districts, 104 High School Districts, 58 County Offices of Education, and 3 State Special Schools for a total of 1055 surveys throughout the state. The survey results were intended to serve the Legislature as an assessment of the facility and personnel needs facing California's schools as reported by the districts themselves.

An initial survey had been sent to districts on July 7, 1997 that consisted of 120 questions regarding personnel, and facilities. School districts were asked to respond to a series of questions pertaining to: credentialed administrators, non-credentialed administrators, credentialed teachers, non-credentialed teachers, classified staff, professional experts, temporary employees, and volunteers. Districts were additionally asked to provide information regarding these Personnel questions for each of the following years: 1987-88, 1992-93, 1995-96, 1996-97. As applicable, districts were also asked a series of questions regarding their High Schools, Middle Schools, and/or Elementary Schools for each of those same years.

Though state law would normally require districts to maintain the initially requested information, many districts reported an inability to respond to the first survey. Numerous districts reported that they had no ability to accumulate the requested information or that though required, it was not available, or would require an inordinate amount of staff time to compile.

In light of the inability of many districts to respond to the initial survey, a less complex survey was developed covering the years 1996-97 and 1997-98. The modified survey consisted of fifteen questions relating to personnel and facilities. The questions fell into three categories: certificated personnel, classified personnel, and facilities. School districts were asked to assess their facility and personnel needs in light of any expected growth in enrollment and especially with respect to the CSR program signed into law in 1996 if applicable to their district. The survey also included an optional question allowing districts to list any codes, regulations, or any other factors which they believed restricted their ability to deliver quality instructional services.

Needs Assessment Surveys were mailed to districts on August 15, 1997. County offices of Education and State Special Schools accounted for 61 surveys but were not counted in the results detailed here. As a result, of the 994 eligible districts surveyed, 577 or 58% of districts responded. In addition, six surveys were submitted without a name and as a result their data was not included for evaluation.

In order to assess how personnel and facility needs differ among districts JLAC divided districts into 6 groupings based on Average Daily Attendance (ADA). Districts were separated into the



following categories using Department of Education October 1996 data related to ADA. It should be noted that the categories established are used solely for statistical purposes.

Group	ADA
1	1 - 99
2	100 - 999
3	1,000 - 4,999

Group	ADA
4	5,000 - 9,999
5	10,000 - 24,999
6	25,000 +

Additionally, school district information was evaluated based on the "type" of district. Elementary (ESD), Unified (USD), and High School (HSD).

A full list of the responding districts is included in the Appendix. Of the total responding districts 56 or 9.7% were in Group 1. Most of the school districts responding were either in Group 2 or 3, numbering 198 and 184 respectively. These two groups represented over 66% of the total responding districts. Group 4 districts totaled 70 or 12.1% of the total responding districts. Of the responding districts, 52 or 8.7 % were in Group 5. Accounting for 3% of the responding districts, Group 6 districts numbered 17.

Understandably, due to the greater immediate impact of CSR, elementary school districts, numbering 370 or 64.1%, made up the bulk of the responding districts. With 167 unified school districts responding, USDs accounted for 29% of the total responding districts. High school districts numbered 34 or 6% of the total responding districts.

Responses related to facilities needs questions may vary. Some districts estimated cost based on a portable lease cost while other districts estimated cost based on new construction. Additionally, some school districts reported a "0" need as they had already added classrooms for the first year of CSR. Other districts reported all classrooms added as a result of CSR as facility needs for this survey.

In relatively few cases, districts identified the number of positions needed to fill, but failed to provide estimates of their costs related to retaining new personnel. In those cases an average cost per F.T.E. was estimated by JLAC based on averaging the cost estimated by reporting districts. i.e. administrators at \$75,000 per year, teachers at \$40,000 per year, classified at \$22,000 per year. It should be noted that these figures constitute an average cost as reported by each district, they are conservative and may underestimate the actual cost of retaining new personnel.

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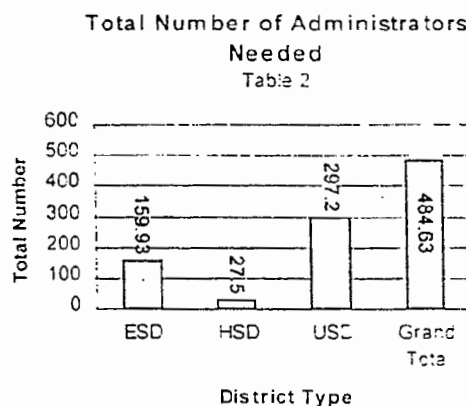
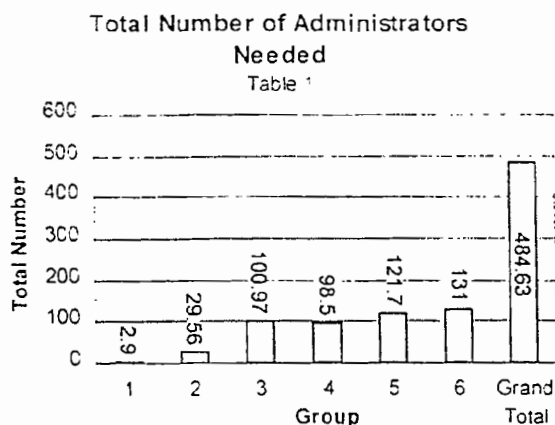
# Breakdown

1. Assuming that an adequate number of classified and certificated personnel were readily available:

a. How many additional administrators and teachers would be needed in order to continue your 1996-1997 educational program or in order to implement any planned changes for the 1997-1998 school year, to cover staffing needs? Please consider retirements, terminations, and any other separations from service of 1996-1997 certificated personnel.

Administrators \_\_\_\_\_  
 Estimated Cost \_\_\_\_\_  
 Teachers \_\_\_\_\_  
 Estimated Cost \_\_\_\_\_

## ADMINISTRATORS

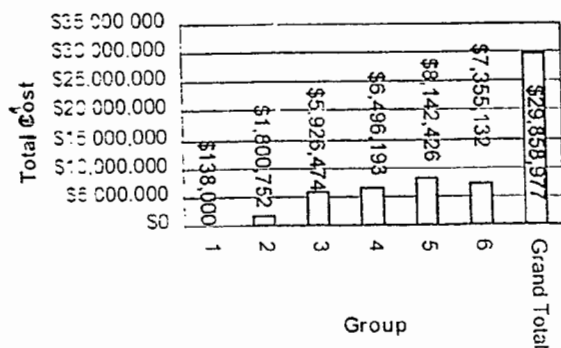


Districts reported a total need for administrators of 484.63. Table 1 shows the reported need for administrators based on the size of school district. Table 2 shows the breakdown of reported need for administrators based on type of school district.

## Administrators Costs

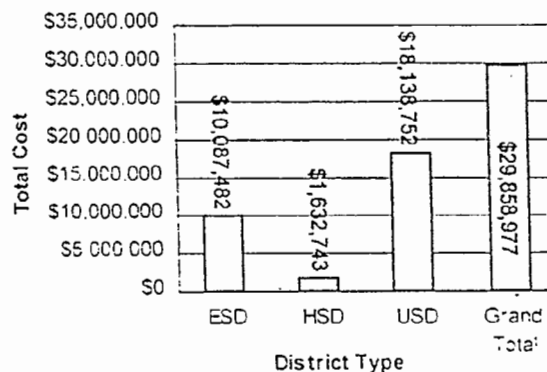
Total Cost of Additional Administrators

Table 3



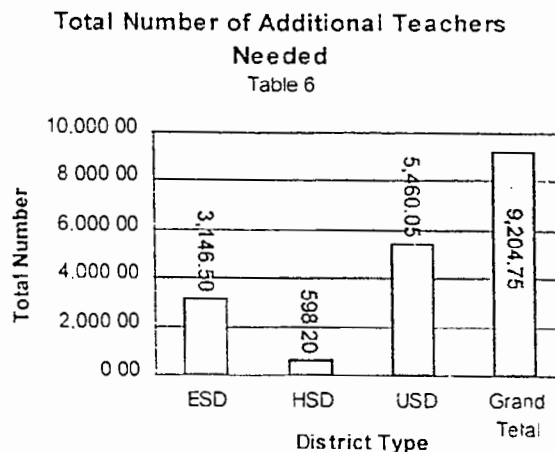
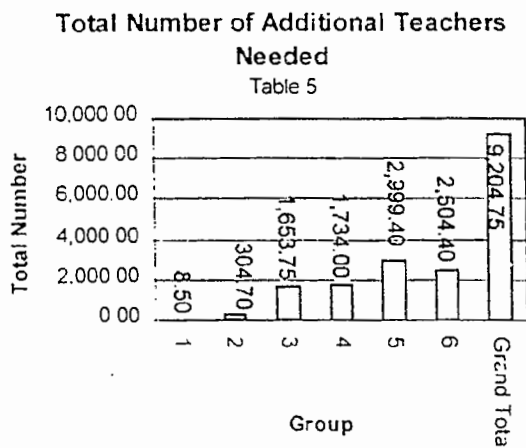
Total Cost of Additional Administrators

Table 4



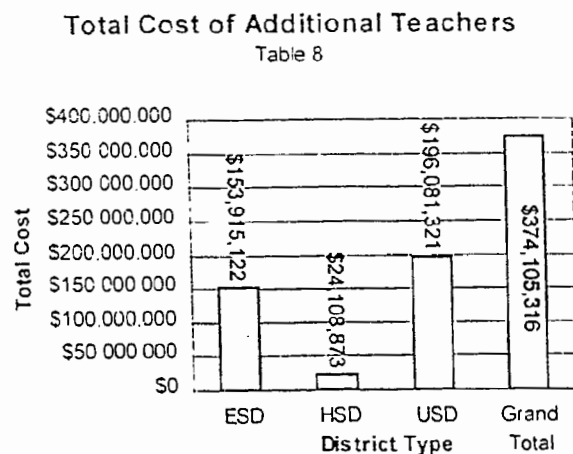
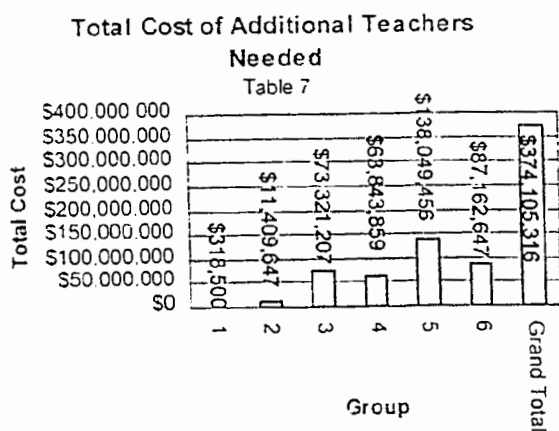
School districts reported a total cost of \$29,858,977 for the additional needed administrators. Table 3 shows the reported cost of needed administrators based on size of school district. Table 4 shows that: Unified School Districts accounted for \$18,138,752, Elementary School Districts accounted for \$10,087,482 and High School Districts accounted for \$1,632,743 of the estimated total cost for additional administrators.

## TEACHERS



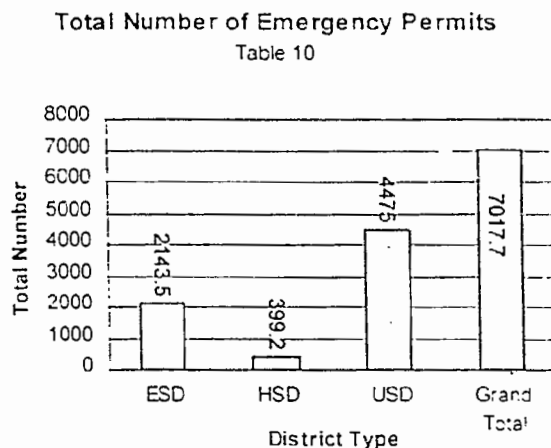
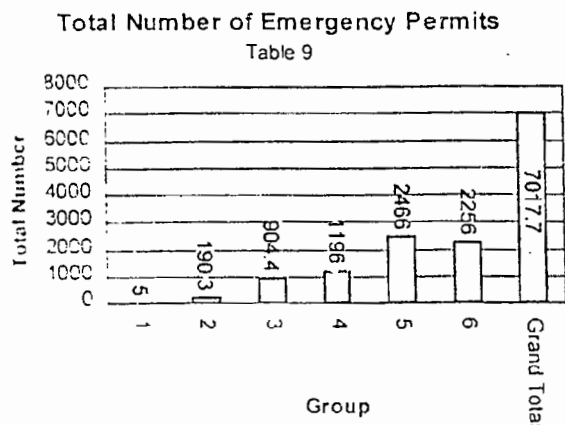
School districts reported a need for 9,204.75 additional teachers. Table 5 shows the reported need for teachers according to size of school district. Table 6 shows Unified School Districts reported a need for 5,160.05 teachers while Elementary School Districts reported a need for 3,146.5 teachers and a need of 598 teachers was reported by High School Districts.

## Teachers Total Estimated Cost



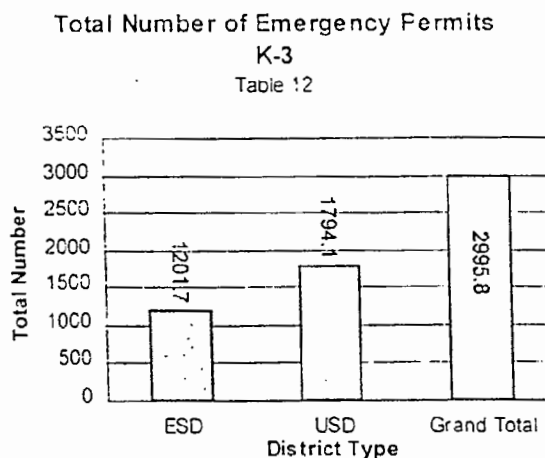
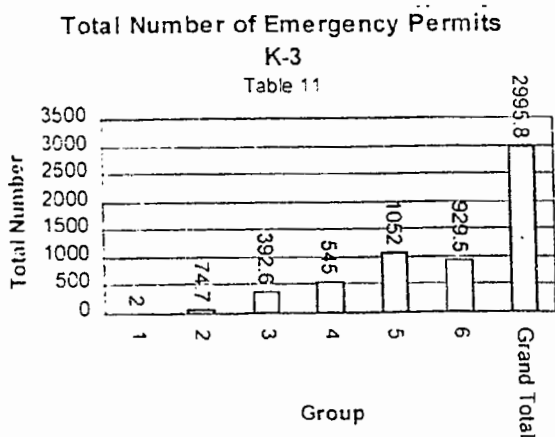
According to responding school districts, the estimated total cost for the needed additional teachers is \$374,105,316. Table 7 shows the reported estimated total cost for needed additional teachers according to the size of school districts. Table 8 shows the estimated total cost for the needed additional teachers according to the type of school district.

**b. How many teaching positions are currently filled by individuals possessing only an "emergency permit" as defined in Education Code Section 44300?**



School districts reported 7.017 teaching positions filled by individuals possessing only an emergency permit. Unified School Districts reported 4.475 teaching positions filled by those with emergency permits. Elementary School Districts reported 2.143.5 positions while High School Districts reported 399 positions.

**c. How many teaching positions in grades K-3 are currently filled by individuals possessing only an "emergency permit" as defined in Education Code Section 44300?**



Of the teaching positions occupied by individuals possessing emergency permits, school districts reported that 2.995.8 of these positions are in grades K-3. Because this question pertains only to grades K-3, High School Districts were not included in the above tables. Elementary School Districts reported 1201.7 and Unified School Districts reported 1794.1 K-3 positions occupied by individuals possessing emergency permits.

**CLASSIFIED**

2. If funding was available to fill all classified positions in your district in accordance with statutory requirements and the requirements of existing collective bargaining agreements, how many additional FTE's would you need to add in order to:

d. Maintain the 1996-1997 level of services in accordance with Education Code Section 45103 or 45104 if applicable?

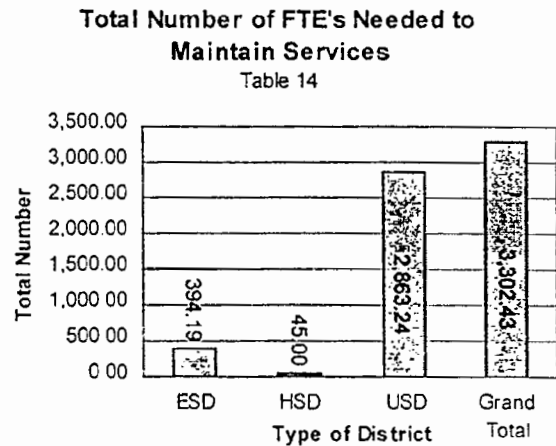
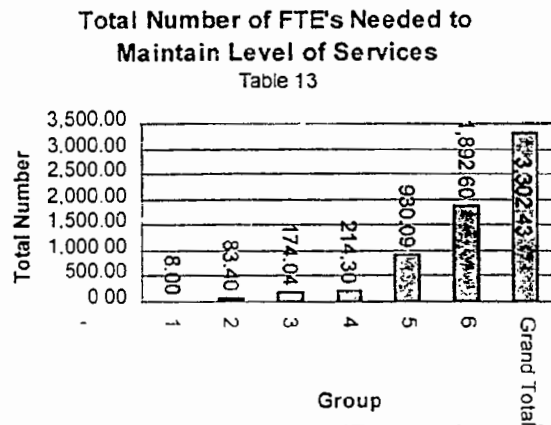


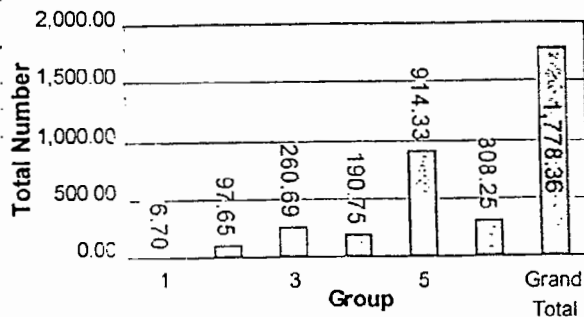
Table 13 indicates school districts reported a need for filling 3,302.43 classified positions in order to maintain their current level of service. Table 14 shows that Unified School Districts reported a need of 2,863.24 positions. Elementary School Districts reported 394.19 positions and High School Districts reported the need of 45 classified positions in order to maintain their current level of services.

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- c. Implement any planned changes in the level of services for 1997-1998 school year in accordance with Education Code Section 45103 or 45104 if applicable?

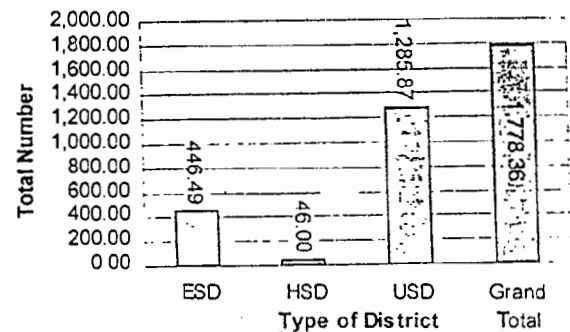
**Total Number of FTE's Needed to Implement Changes**

Table 15



**Total Number of FTE's Needed to Implement Changes**

Table 16

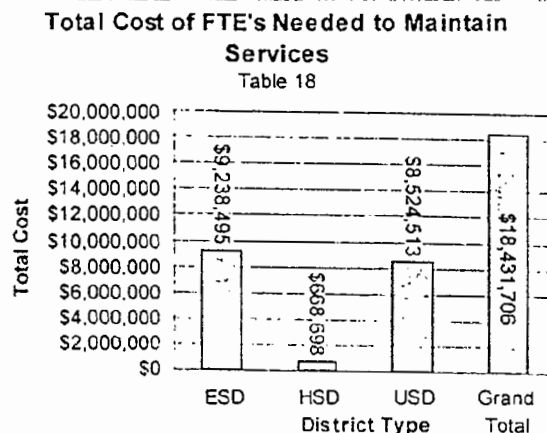
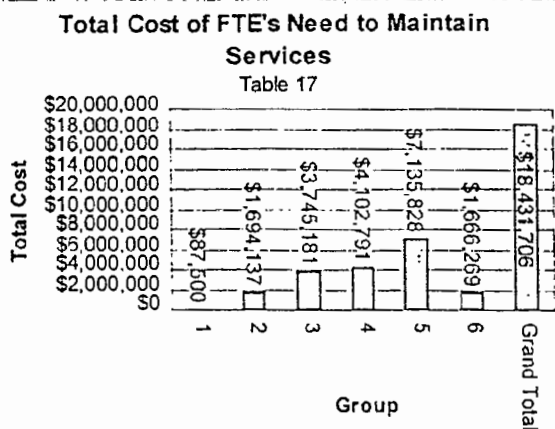


In order to implement changes planned as a result of the CSR program and/or projected enrollment growth, districts reported a need for filling 1,778.36 classified positions. Table 15 shows the reported number of classified positions needed to implement the CSR program and/or projected enrollment growth according to school district size. Table 16 shows the reported number of classified positions needed to implement the CSR program and/or projected enrollment growth according to type of school district.

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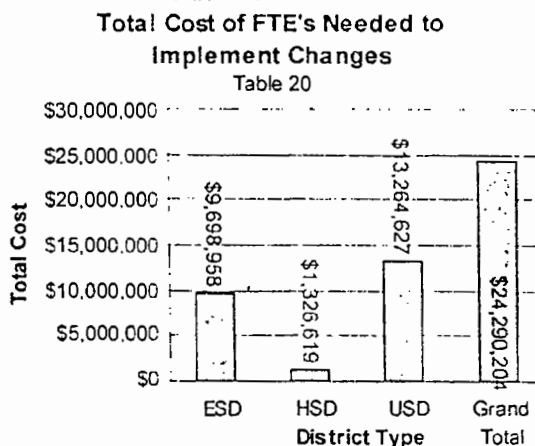
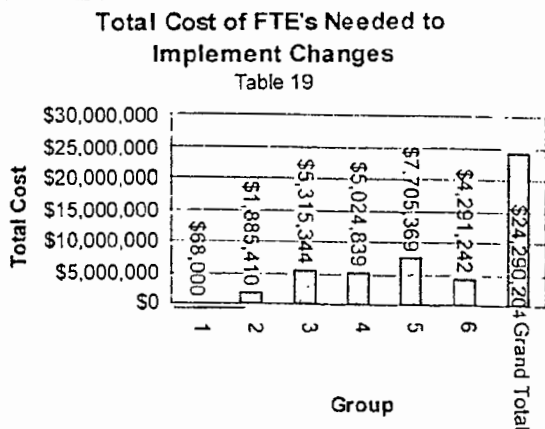
f. What would be the estimated cost to the district of (d) and (e) as listed above?

(d) \_\_\_\_\_



In order to maintain the current level of services, districts reported an estimated total cost of \$18,431,706. Table 17 shows the estimated reported costs school districts needed to maintain the current level of services according to school district size. Elementary School Districts reported a total cost of \$9,238,495. Unified School Districts reported a total cost of \$8,524,513 and High School Districts reported a cost of \$668,698 to maintain the current level of services.

(e) \_\_\_\_\_



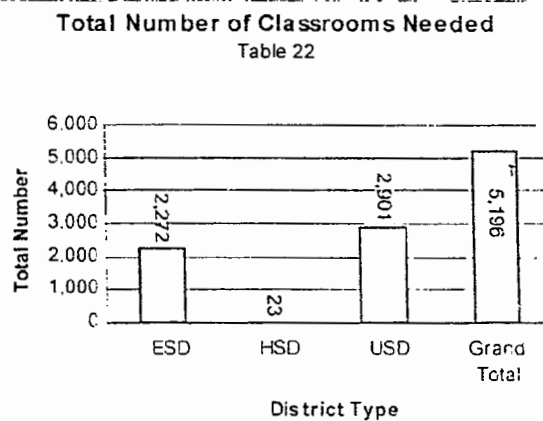
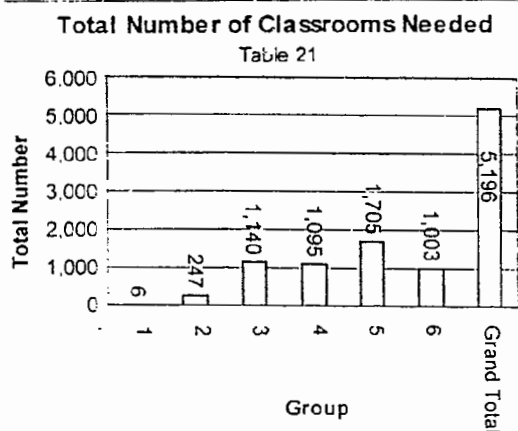
Districts reported an estimated total cost of \$24,290,204 to implement anticipated changes as a result of the CSR program and/or projected enrollment growth. Table 19 shows the total reported costs to implement changes as a result of the CSR program and/or projected enrollment growth according to school district size. Elementary School Districts reported a cost of \$9,698,958, Unified School Districts reported a cost of \$13,264,627 and High School Districts reported a cost \$1,326,619 to implement anticipated changes as a result of the CSR program and/or projected enrollment growth.



## FACILITIES

3. In order to achieve class size reduction goals (if applicable) and/or implement your planned 1997-1998 educational program without displacing any program or regular activity that utilized district facilities during the 1996-1997 school year or that currently utilizes district facilities:

g. How many new classrooms would you need?



School districts reported a total need of 5,196 classrooms. Table 21 shows the reported need for classrooms according to school district size. Elementary School Districts reported needs of over 2,000 classrooms. Unified School Districts reported a need of close to 3,000 classrooms and High School Districts reported a need of 23 classrooms.

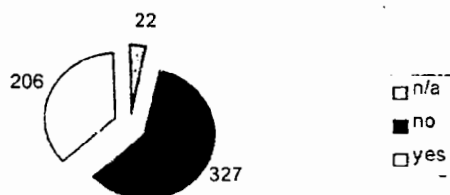
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h. Were any programs (adult education, child care, etc.) or any regular activities that utilized district facilities displaced to accommodate class size reduction in the 1996-1997 school year in your district? (Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," please identify the programs.

Were Programs Displaced - 1996-97?

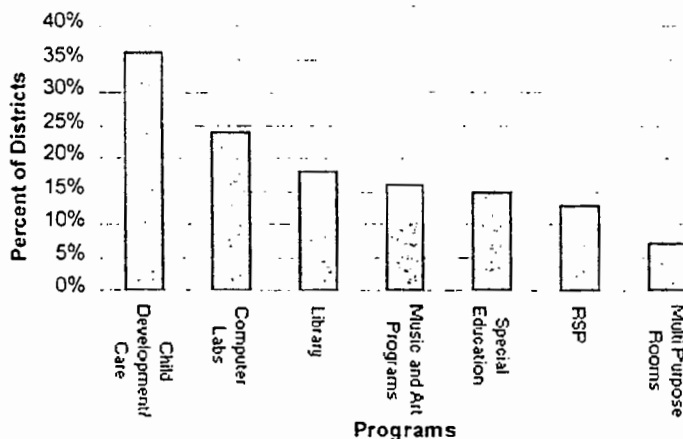
Table 23



Of those districts responding, 206 districts reported the "displacement" of district programs as a result of the implementation of the Class Size Reduction program. School Districts marking "yes" on this question were additionally asked to identify those programs that were displaced as a result of implementation of the Class Size Reduction program. While responses varied, some of the more prevalent responses were as follows:

Programs	Reported
Child Development/ Care	36%
Computer Labs	24%
Library	18%
Music and Art Programs	16%
Special Education	15%
RSP	13%
Multi Purpose Rooms	7%

Reported Displacement 1996-97



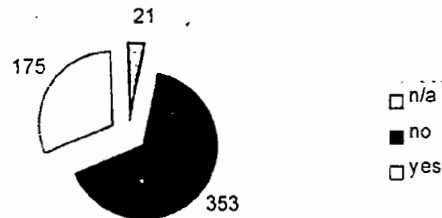
All school districts reporting displacement of programs as a result of implementing the CSR program listed more than one program. For purposes of this report, child development/ childcare programs include preschool, after school programs, Head Start and day care programs. Child development programs were displaced more than any other program with 36% of districts affected during 1996-97. Computer labs and libraries followed with 24% and 18% of the districts reporting displacement respectively. Arts programs, including music, band, art and performing arts classes, comprised 18% of those districts reporting. Special Education and RSP were often displaced as well, comprising of 15% and 13% respectively. Other programs that were mentioned included adult education, science labs, and staff offices. For the group and district type breakdowns, please reference Appendix table 1.

- i. Will any programs (adult education, child care, etc.) or any regular activities that utilize district facilities be displaced to accommodate class size reduction in the 1997-1998 school year in your district? (Y) \_\_\_\_\_ (N) \_\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," please identify the programs.

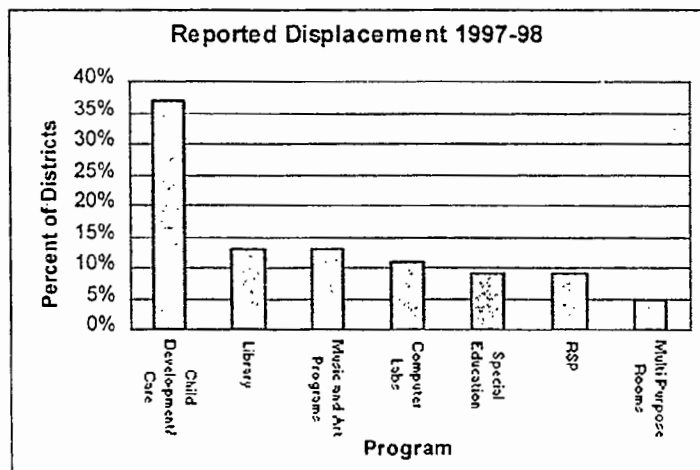
Were Programs Displaced - 1997-98?

Table 24



Of those districts responding, 175 districts reported additional anticipated program displacement in the 1997-98 school year as a result of their implementation of the CSR program. Districts marking "yes" on this question were asked to identify those programs that would likely be displaced as a result of implementation of the CSR program. While responses varied, some of the more prevalent responses were as follows:

Programs	Reported
Child Development/ Care	37%
Library	13%
Music and Art Programs	13%
Computer Labs	11%
Special Education	9%
RSP	9%
Multi Purpose Rooms	5%



School Districts reported slightly less program displacement in the 1997-98 school year in every program except Child Development/ Childcare, which increased to 37%. Libraries and arts programs were anticipated to be displaced in 13% of the districts. However, some schools reported that although there was no additional displacement, the programs displaced during the 1996-97 school year continued to be displaced. For group and school district type breakdown of those reporting displacement in 1997-98, please reference Appendix Table 2.

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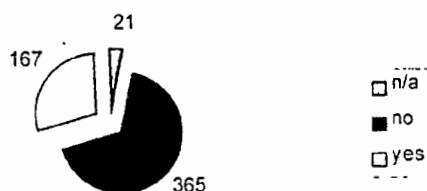
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j. Can class size reduction goals be accomplished and/or your projected growth in enrollment be accommodated with existing district facilities, without compromising non-classroom space (e.g., playgrounds, libraries, computer labs, cafeterias, etc.)?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

Can CSR Goals be Accomplished with Existing Facilities?

Table 25



Of the 553 school districts responding to this question, 365 reported an inability to meet either CSR goals and/or their expected enrollment growth with existing facilities. For group and school district type breakdown, please reference Appendix Table 3.

k. Will class size reduction requirements or growth in enrollment projections require the construction of new school sites in your district before the year 2000?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," how many and at what level?

Will New Schools be Needed?

Table 26



Class size reduction requirements and/or projected enrollment growth will require 240 of the 550 districts responding to build new schools. Elementary School Districts accounted for 133 of the districts reporting a need to build new schools before the year 2000. For group and school district type breakdown, please reference Appendix Table 4.

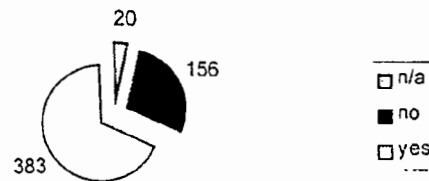
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**l. Does your district have access to adequate physical sites for new construction if funding is available?**

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

**Are There Adequate Physical Sites For Construction?**

Table 27



Of the 559 districts responding, 383 districts reported having adequate physical sites for anticipated new school construction. Another 156 districts reported not having the physical sites available to meet their anticipated need for new school sites. For group and school district type breakdown, please reference Appendix Table 5.

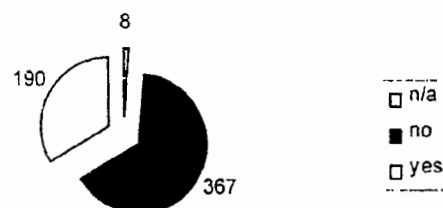
**m. Is your district currently utilizing or considering any "joint-use" facilities with local government entities?**

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," please describe.

**Does the District have Any Joint-Use Facilities?**

Table 28



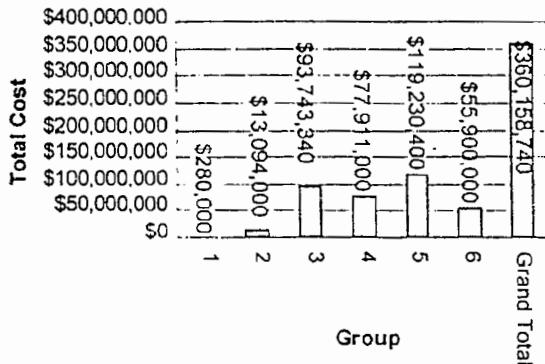
190 districts reported either currently utilizing or considering the use of "joint-use" facilities. Elementary school districts accounted for 103 of those districts reportedly utilizing joint-use arrangements. For group and school district type breakdown, please reference Appendix Table 6.

n. What would be the estimated cost to the district of (g), (k), or (m) as listed above?

(g) \_\_\_\_\_

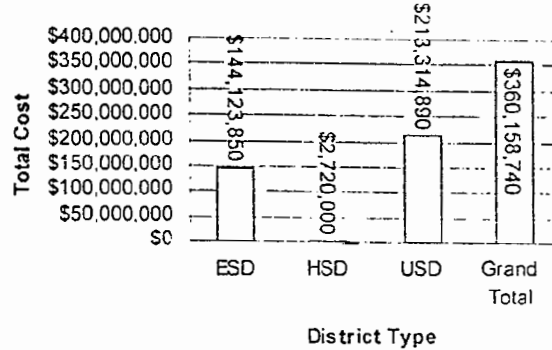
Total Cost of Additional Classrooms

Table 29



Total Cost of Additional Classrooms

Table 30

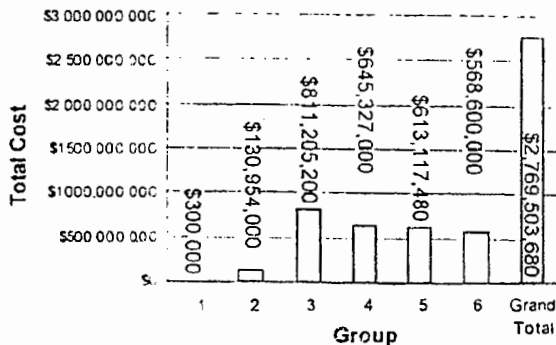


Reporting school districts estimated a total cost of \$360.158.740 for additional classrooms needed to meet their CSR program requirements and/or their projected enrollment growth. Group 5 districts reported \$119.230.400 in projected cost for new classrooms. High School districts accounted for \$2.7 million of the total estimated cost.

(k) \_\_\_\_\_

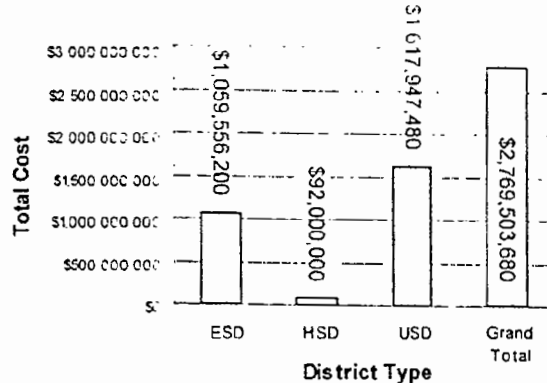
Total Cost of New Schools

Table 31



Total Cost of New Schools

Table 32



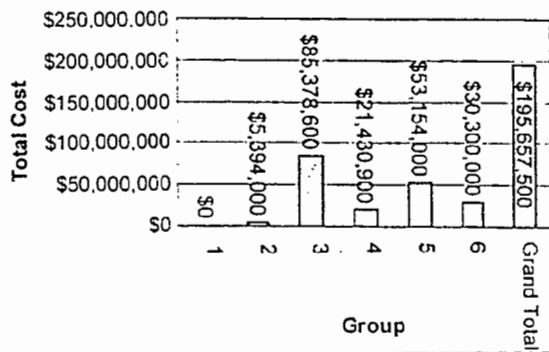
In order to meet the CSR program requirements and/or the projected growth in enrollment, responding school districts reported an estimated total cost of \$2.77 billion in new school construction costs. Elementary and Unified School Districts accounted for \$2.68 billion of the total estimated cost.

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(m) \_\_\_\_\_

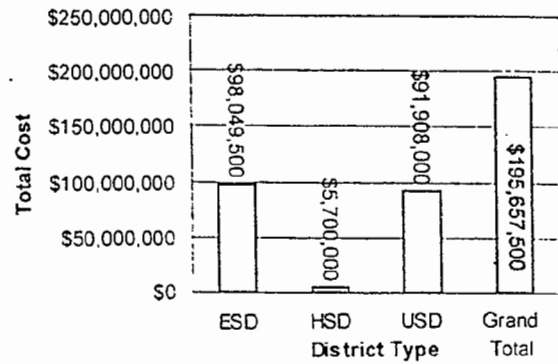
Total Cost of Joint-Use Facilities

Table 33



Total Cost of Joint-Use Facilities

Table 34



Those districts that reported either currently utilizing or considering utilizing "joint-use" facilities reported an estimated cost of \$196 million. High School Districts reported only \$5.7 million of the estimated total cost.

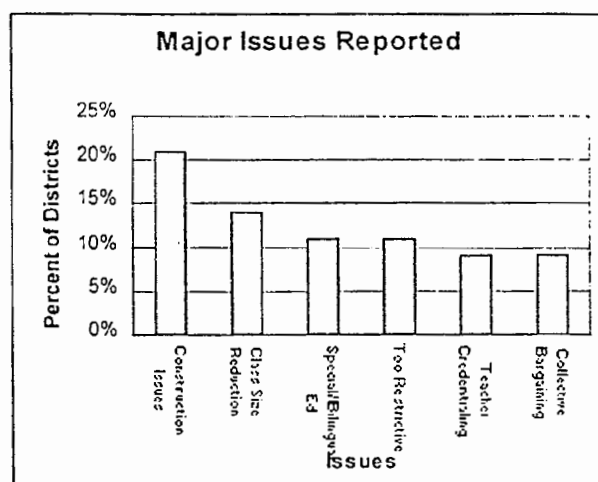
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## OTHER (Optional)

4. Please list all sections of the Education Code and any other factors which you believe restrict or diminish your district's ability to maximize the delivery of quality instructional services to your students.

127 school districts responded to this question. The answers varied greatly, however there were certain issues that many school districts listed, the most prevalent ones can be found in the chart below. The 2/3 requirement to pass a school bond, developer fees, and bidding requirements were included in the construction issues category, which 21% of the districts listed as a major restriction. Class Size Reduction facilities funding and administrative responsibilities comprised the second most reported issue at 14%. Special Education and Bilingual Education, as well as an overly restrictive education code were both reported by 11% of the districts. Teacher credentialing issues, including waivers and restrictions regarding out-of-state credentials, as well as collective bargaining were reported by 9% of the districts.

Issue	Reported
Construction Issues	21%
Class Size Reduction	14%
Special/Bilingual Ed.	11%
Too Restrictive	11%
Teacher Credentialing	9%
Collective Bargaining	9%





## **Joint Legislative Audit Committee Survey Analysis**

577 School Districts responded to the JLAC Needs Assessment Survey representing 58% of California's school districts. Responding districts serve in excess of 2.47 million students or approximately 44% of California's student population. The Average Daily Attendance (ADA) of responding districts ranged from Coffee Creek Elementary with an ADA of 7 to Fresno Unified with an ADA of 78,740. All of California's school districts were invited to participate.

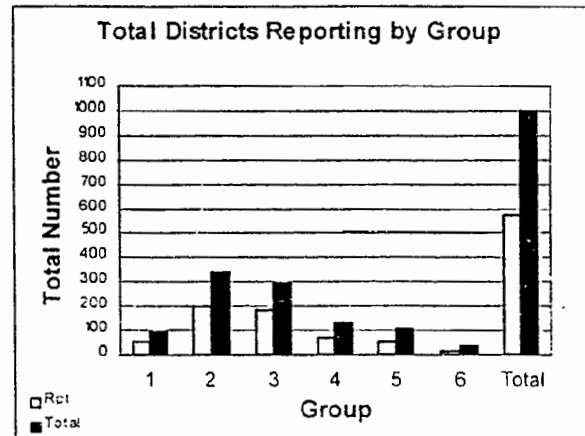
JLAC believes that the results are illustrative of the needs facing educators and students throughout California. Many districts expressed their appreciation for the Legislature's interest and indicated to JLAC that State Government has never before asked the districts themselves to define their specific local needs related to facilities and personnel. Often, needs assessments rely exclusively on statistical information - and projections fail to account for the real experiences of California's front line educators at the individual school sites. Statistical analysis and concrete experience seldom interface. This study will hopefully help bridge that gap and provide a clearer picture of the challenges confronting teachers, administrators, classified employees, parents, and students in reforming California's system of Public Education.

In order to estimate the actual needs of California's schools, projections have been constructed based on the assumption that trends identified among reporting Districts would be relatively consistent had 100% of the Districts surveyed responded. It should be noted that the Committee believes that the estimates in this report are conservative and that in most instances the actual needs will be greater than projected, particularly in urban/high ADA districts. The projected totals are based on information reported in each of the six identified ADA groupings.

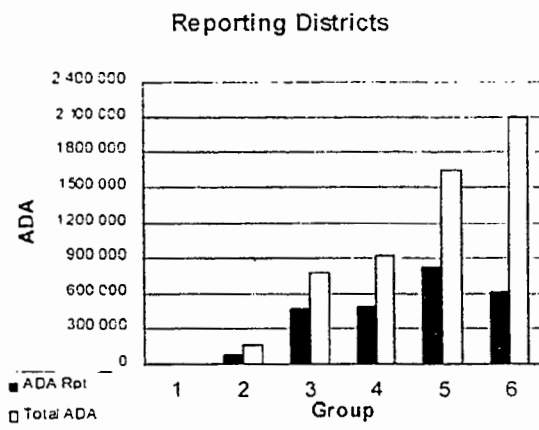
It should be further noted that this report focuses on the baseline 1996-1997 and 1997-1998 school years and on the specific effect of the implementation of the Legislature's Class Size Reduction (CSR) initiatives, enacted with the Governor's approval over the past two years, on California school districts. At the end of this report you will find data and projections from both the CDE and the DOF regarding estimated facility needs over the next ten years along with the baseline data developed in this report.

## Districts Reporting

Group	Number of Reporting Districts	Total Number of Districts	% Reporting Districts
1	56	92	61%
2	198	343	58%
3	184	296	62%
4	70	128	55%
5	52	105	50%
6	17	36	47%
<b>Total</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>58%</b>



Group	ADA of Reporting Districts	Total ADA	% ADA Reporting
1	2,843	5,340	53%
2	88,077	166,007	53%
3	464,924	780,835	60%
4	483,532	911,793	53%
5	824,249	1,650,992	50%
6	604,171	2,097,998	29%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,467,796</b>	<b>5,612,965</b>	<b>44%</b>



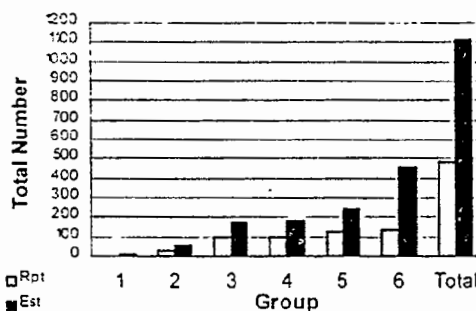
It should be noted that though the JLAC survey was voluntary, it is instructive that some large districts chose not to participate. Though some may believe that this lack of response may indicate that no needs exist, JLAC believes, that certain districts may lack the capacity to accurately assess their actual needs, either due to their size or due to an inability to communicate effectively with the school sites and stakeholders within their districts. We hope to work closely with these districts in the future.

## ADMINISTRATORS

California school districts reported a continuing need for administrative personnel. In assessing their own needs, however, it should be noted that self-identified needs for administrative personnel from the districts account for a projected total of only 1116 new administrators, in a State with over 1000 school districts and over 5.5 million students. Considering factors such as projected retirements, we believe that these figures illustrate that school districts in California have clearly moved in the direction of focusing available resources away from administration and toward more student oriented instructional activities. It should be noted, however, that our information also indicates that in some cases, certificated personnel, particularly those serving in non-classroom settings or non-instructional settings may at times either voluntarily or involuntarily assume roles and responsibilities traditionally and statutorily reserved for administrative personnel.

Q1a1		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	2.9	5
2	29.56	56
3	100.97	170
4	98.5	186
5	121.7	244
6	131	455
Total	484.63	1,116

Projected Number of Additional Administrators

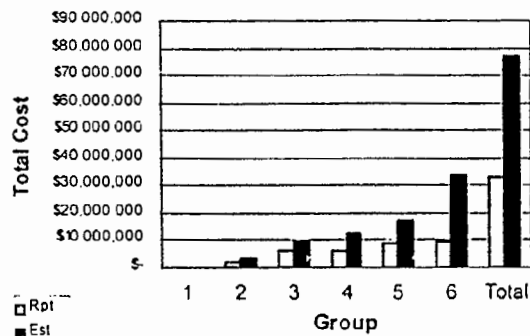


JLAC estimates a current existing need for 1,116 additional administrators at a total estimated cost \$76,808,211. Reported cost was based on district responses and calculated to factor for the non-responding districts in each of the groups. While Group 6 reported a need for 131 administrators, we estimate a need for 455 at a cost of \$33.5 million.

### Administrator Costs

Q1a2		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	\$ 150,000	\$ 283,019
2	\$ 1,800,752	\$ 3,394,047
3	\$ 5,926,474	\$ 9,877,457
4	\$ 6,496,193	\$12,249,827
5	\$ 8,742,231	\$17,510,914
6	\$ 9,645,132	\$33,492,948
Total	\$ 32,760,782	\$76,808,211

Projected Cost of Additional Administrators

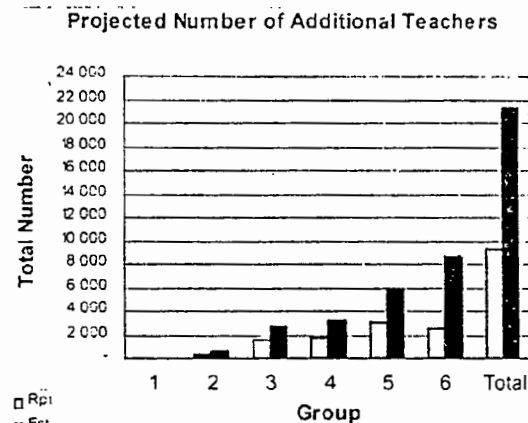


## TEACHERS

Recruiting and hiring qualified classroom teachers remains a critical need for improving student performance in California public schools. Experts agree that the most important factor in determining whether a student achieves academic success is the quality of the classroom teacher. JLAC estimates, based on district self assessments, that today in California's schools, there is a shortage of at least 21,312 classroom teachers. Without aggressively addressing teacher training and recruitment, California's children remain at risk regardless of the scope or nature of reform efforts initiated by the Legislature, the Governor, the California Department of Education, or local school jurisdictions. The projected growth in student enrollment over the next decade makes the current shortage of qualified teachers all the more troubling and in need of addressing.

Q1a3		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	9	16
2	305	575
3	1,662	2,770
4	1,726	3,255
5	2,999	5,999
6	2,504	8,697
Total	9,205	21,312

According to the district responses, JLAC estimates a total current need for 21,312 teachers. While JLAC estimates a total need of 8,697 teachers for Group 6, the low response rate by the largest of California's school districts undoubtedly has resulted in an artificially lower reported assessment of current needs and consequently, an lower estimate of total needs.



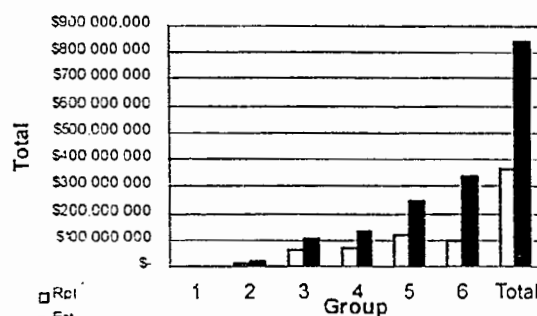
## Costs of Addressing District Identified Teacher Needs

The JLAC Needs Assessment Survey indicated that to satisfy the current need for qualified teachers, if such teachers were readily available, the cost today would exceed \$846.5 million. Costs of teacher recruitment, teacher training and education, and the need for more classroom teachers due to anticipated future enrollment growth after the 1997-1998 school year will significantly increase these costs if the Legislature and the Governor are truly committed to rebuilding California's educational system.

Q1a4		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	\$ 318,500	\$ 600,943
2	\$ 11,669,648	\$ 22,018,201
3	\$ 64,375,207	\$ 107,292,011
4	\$ 70,123,859	\$ 132,309,168
5	\$ 122,426,296	\$ 244,852,592
6	\$ 97,762,647	\$ 339,483,090
Total	\$ 366,676,157	\$ 846,556,005

Based on the district responses, JLAC estimates a total cost exceeding \$846.5 million in order to meet the current needs for qualified teachers. The major difference between our estimated cost and that reported by the responding districts can be found in the Group 6 results. This is due to the low response rate by those districts in Group 6. We expect that these districts will have the greatest need for additional teachers. California's largest school districts will undoubtedly struggle to find sufficient teachers to implement the CSR program as well as accommodate the expected growth in student enrollment.

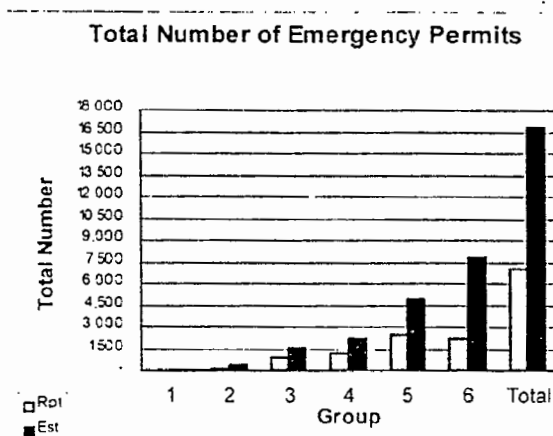
Projected Cost of Additional Teachers



## EMERGENCY PERMITS

Based on district reports, there are currently 16,843 Emergency Credentialed teachers in California's public schools. Many of these teachers are committed to doing the best they can, but few have either the experience or the training to be able to effectively deliver quality instruction to our children. JLAC projections correspond closely with figures reported by the California Commission on Teacher Credentialing (CTC) regarding waivers granted. According to the CTC, 15,225 emergency credentials were issued to districts in 1995-96. In 1996-97, this total increased to 21,959. The number estimated by JLAC is based on district reports.

Q1b		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	5	9
2	190	359
3	906	1,511
4	1,194	2,253
5	2,466	4,932
6	2,256	7,779
Total	7,018	16,843



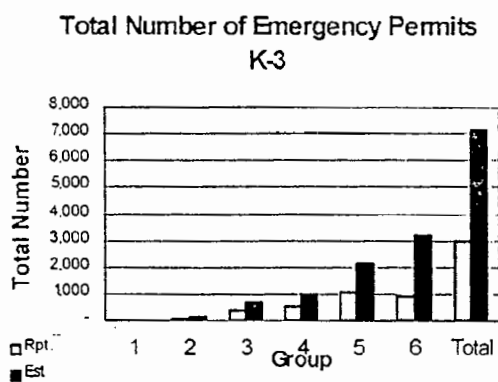
Although only 29% of the districts in Group 6 responded, these districts reported 2,256 teachers serving in classrooms with only an emergency permit. This number was comparable with that reported by Group 5 districts even though 50% of Group 5 districts responded. These findings indicate that children in high ADA districts are more likely to be in a classroom taught by a teacher with only an emergency permit. It should be noted that the failure of the Los Angeles Unified School District to respond to this survey clearly resulted in the low reported numbers by Group 6 districts. According to the CTC, Los Angeles Unified School District accounted for 5,179 of the Emergency Permits issued by the commission in 1996-97. The number of emergency permits issued to the LAUSD has increased in each of the last three school years. LAUSD was granted 3,144 emergency permits in 1994-95, and 3,277 in 1995-96.

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## Emergency Permits K-3

In grades K-3, where districts are struggling to reach their class size reduction goals, JLAC estimates from data provided by school districts that over 142,000 students in grades K-3 in 7,136 K-3 classrooms are being taught by teachers who have not completed a state certified teacher training and education program. It will be difficult to assess the effectiveness of either the new academic standards which are now being developed or the class size reduction program with such a large number of California's students being taught by minimally prepared teaching personnel. This problem is more troubling considering the large number of students in K-3 classes who may not be accorded the maximum benefit of CSR strategies due to the lack of the most highly qualified teaching personnel in their classrooms during these critical years.

Q1c		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	2	4
2	75	141
3	394	656
4	544	1,026
5	1,052	2,104
6	930	3,205
Total	2,997	7,136



The JLAC estimates show a total of 7,136 teachers with emergency permits in grades K-3. Again, despite the low response rate, Group 6 districts reported more emergency permits in K-3 than all other groups except Group 5. The smallest of California's districts represented by Group 1 reported only 2 teachers with emergency permits in K-3. This low number may be attributed to the fact that small districts apparently were not as heavily impacted by the CSR program as were larger districts. Many of these smaller districts reported declining enrollments.

The proliferation of underqualified teachers in California public schools along with the inadequate number of programs to train teachers bodes ill for the success of current educational reform efforts. With the quality of teachers being the number one indicator of student achievement, the Legislature will need to make a significant investment in teacher training and preparation to reach the goals we have set for our children. A unified effort will likely be necessary involving a reinvigoration of teacher education programs in California's institutions of higher learning along with a concerted effort to elevate the esteem in which the teaching profession is held to a level commensurate with its importance to our children's success and to the future of our state.

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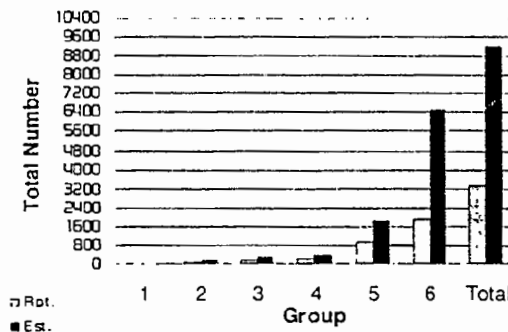
## CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES

Classified employees provide the foundation that keeps our schools running. Over the past number of years, significant reductions in classified personnel due to budget considerations have led to deteriorating facilities and the elimination of many support programs. With the improving economy and the strong commitment of Californians to rebuild our educational system, a reinvestment in classified personnel will become increasingly important. JLAC estimates that California schools will need to fund approximately 9,238 classified positions just to address the immediate needs of California school districts. It should be noted that, due to severe budget restraints, reports have been received indicating that some districts have retained temporary employees in positions normally reserved by statute for classified employees – employees who are traditionally identified and hired pursuant to the state and/or locally mandated competitive hiring process. To ensure adequate staffing and the retention of the best and most qualified personnel in our schools, JLAC estimates an immediate need of approximately \$176 million to rebuild the classified service in California schools.

### Classified Employees 1996-1997

Q2d		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	8	15
2	83	157
3	174	290
4	214	404
5	930	1,860
6	1,893	6,512
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,302</b>	<b>9,238</b>

Projected Number of Classified F.T.E's  
Needed - 1996-97



Based on the district responses, we estimate a total current need for 9,238 classified employees in order for school districts to maintain their current level of service. Regardless of whether districts are traditional structured or subject to the jurisdiction of a merit system, districts were asked to indicate the number of classified employees that they would need only to maintain their current level of services.

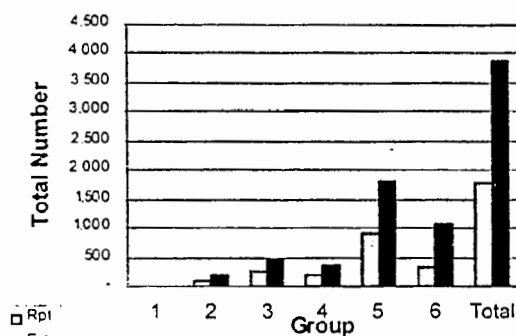


## Classified Employees 1997-1998

Q2e		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	7	13
2	98	184
3	264	439
4	196	369
5	914	1,829
6	308	1,063
Total	1,787	3,897

Districts were also asked to assess their needs for additional classified staff based on anticipated changes for the 1997-98 school year. Based on the district responses, we estimate a total need for 3,897 additional classified staff. As expected, the majority of need will be by the largest of the school districts represented by Groups 5 and 6.

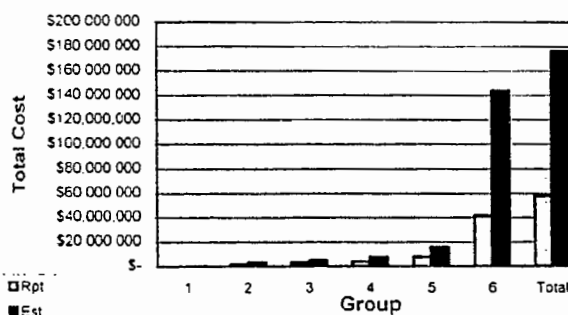
Projected Number of Classified F.T.E's Needed - 1997-98



## Estimated Costs of Needed Classified Employees 1996-1997

Q2fd		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	\$ 109,000	\$ 205,660
2	\$ 1,759,777	\$ 3,320,334
3	\$ 3,251,801	\$ 5,419,668
4	\$ 4,124,791	\$ 7,782,624
5	\$ 7,885,828	\$ 15,771,656
6	\$ 41,172,269	\$ 143,632,605
Total	\$58,303,466	\$ 176,132,547

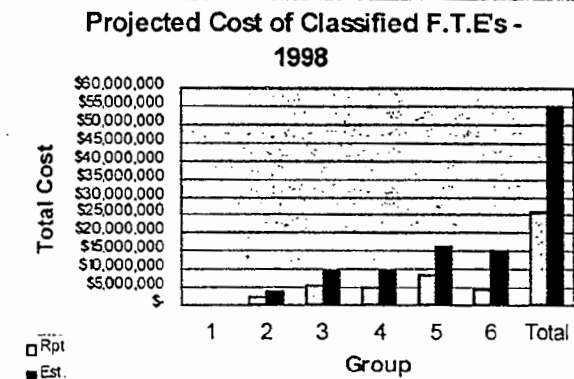
Projected Cost of Classified F.T.E's - 1997



Based on the district responses and solely for the purposes of this survey, we used an average cost of \$22,000 for classified employees. As a result, we estimate a total need of \$176 million. In order to meet the need for classified employees based on any planned changes, the tables below show a total estimated need of \$55 million.

## Estimated Cost of Needed Classified Employees 1997-1998

Q2fe		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	\$ 90,000	\$ 169,811
2	\$ 2,051,910	\$ 3,871,528
3	\$ 5,714,294	\$ 9,523,823
4	\$ 5,112,839	\$ 9,646,866
5	\$ 8,266,369	\$ 16,532,738
6	\$ 4,445,242	\$ 15,328,420
Total	\$25,680,654	\$ 55,073,186



It is clear that to rebuild our schools, not only will the classified service be counted on to provide existing services, but will also be subject to expansion in order to those services that have been reduced or eliminated due to budget constraints over the past decade.

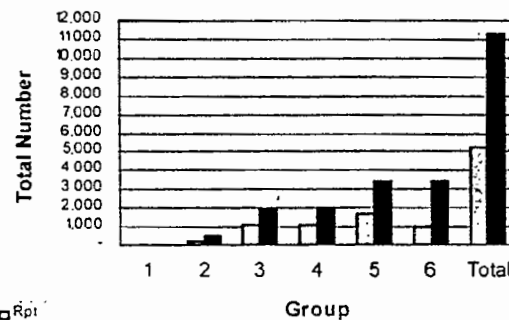
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## FACILITIES

### CLASSROOMS

Group	Reported	Estimated
1	6	11
2	247	466
3	1,149	1,915
4	1,086	2,049
5	1,705	3,410
6	1,003	3,459
Total	5,196	11,310

Projected Need for Additional Classrooms

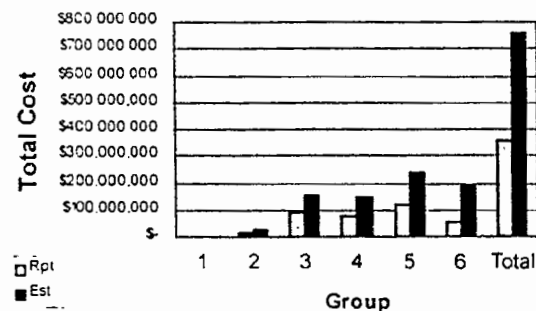


Based on the survey responses, JLAC estimates the total immediate need of at least 11,310 new classrooms in California's public schools. After adjusting projections to compensate for the relatively low response by the larger districts, JLAC estimates that districts in groups 5 and 6 need to establish approximately 3,410 and 3,459 classrooms respectively. Many of the smallest school districts such as those represented in Group 1 reported little or no immediate need for additional classrooms based on either anticipated increases in student enrollment or the CSR program. Some of these districts reported that they were not impacted by the CSR program and did not anticipate enrollment growth, but rather anticipated a decline in enrollment.

### Classroom Costs

Q3ng		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	\$ 280,000	\$ 528,301
2	\$ 13,094,000	\$ 24,705,660
3	\$ 94,343,340	\$157,238,900
4	\$ 77,311,000	\$146,869,811
5	\$ 119,230,400	\$238,460,800
6	\$ 55,900,000	\$192,758,620
Total	\$ 360,158,740	\$760,562,092

Projected Cost of Additional Classrooms

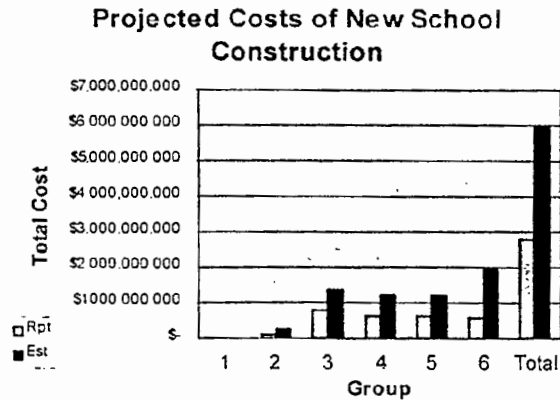


School districts were asked to estimate the cost for funding their needs for additional classrooms.

Based on the districts' responses, JLAC estimates a total investment of \$760.6 million will be required immediately to address current classroom needs. JLAC estimates, based on data provided by individual responding districts, the total price tag for adding classrooms in ADA group 6 alone will exceed \$192.7 million. In large part, we found, these classroom needs will be addressed by the acquisition of "portables" whose placement at existing school sites may compromise the integrity of playground and student recreational facilities.

## NEW SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

Q3nk		
Group	Reported	Estimated
1	\$ 300,000	\$ 566,038
2	\$ 130,954,000	\$ 247,083,019
3	\$ 811,205,200	\$1,352,008,667
4	\$ 645,327,000	\$1,217,598,113
5	\$ 613,117,480	\$1,226,234,960
6	\$ 568,600,000	\$1,960,689,655
Total	\$ 2,769,503,680	\$6,004,180,452



In question 3k of the survey, school districts were asked whether the CSR program or projected growth in student enrollment would require the construction of any new schools in their districts before the year 2000. Of the 550 districts responding to this question, 240 reported a need to build at least one new school before the year 2000. These responses identified a particularly critical need for new school construction in California's largest districts, represented in Group 6. Of the 16 districts that responded to this question, 14 reported having to build new schools. Consequently, Group 6 districts represent the largest estimated cost for new school construction. Based on the survey results, JLAC estimates the total cost for building new schools to meet the existing needs of California's schools to exceed \$6 billion. This estimate of the immediate needs facing California's school districts is based on data provided by the districts themselves.

### Availability of Sites for School Construction

156 districts reported a lack of available space for constructing new schools. Urban districts, where enrollment growth is accelerating at the fastest pace, will be confronted with significantly higher costs related to land acquisition than districts that are not located in an urban setting. When examining school construction costs related to urban districts the Legislature will be required to further subsidize land acquisition in these areas if school construction strategies are to succeed.

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## Displacement of Existing School Site Programs

The findings of the JLAC survey indicate that several issues related to the CSR program and enrollment growth have not received the attention necessary for a successful implementation of the current educational reform initiatives of the Legislature and the Governor. Facility shortages have translated into a marked reduction of specialized programs and mandated student services such as special education, childcare, libraries, and computer labs. School districts have reported no other option but to displace many of these programs and services in order to fulfill the facilities demands of the CSR Legislation.

While class size reduction has been an educational priority of the Legislature and the Governor over the last two years, many of the programs and services displaced by the CSR requirements remain in the statute, and as such, continue to be an obligation for school districts.

### Child Development – Child Care

California families need quality child development and child-care options. As more parents and guardians are included in the workforce, early morning and late afternoon child-care have become necessities. Parents and guardians often rely on their child's before-school and/or after-school program to provide this service. However, according to the results of the Needs Assessment Survey, districts have been forced to reduce or eliminate school-operated child-care due to the impact of CSR. This reduction of school operated child-care places an additional burden on working parents, and serves to diminish the amount of time that children spend in a controlled learning environment.

There is no question that the availability of quality child care and child development programs is crucial to the success of many students and their families. As a result, in 1989 (c. 1394) the Legislature declared its intent for public school-operated child-care, by stating,

*"The Legislature has stated its intent that early childhood education and child development programs be a concomitant part of the educational system by providing young children an equal opportunity for later school success. Those programs are considered by the general public to be an integral and essential part of the state's public education system."*

*Early childhood education programs for children of low-income families have been shown to increase high school graduation rates and college entry rates, to reduce the need for special education and grade level retention, and to reduce high school dropout rates."*

Despite the Legislature's stated intent to foster and support childcare and early childhood education, the CSR program has resulted in the displacement of these programs by districts throughout the state. With schools forced to utilize their facilities to meet CSR requirements, districts will find it increasingly difficult to continue to make space available for programs providing child care and child development.

Computer labs have also fallen victim to displacement, even though the Legislature has repeatedly declared its support for computer education and training in California's public schools. As stated in Education Code 44276 the Legislature finds and declares,

*"California's public school pupils need quality instruction and support in the areas of computer education in order to develop the skills necessary for entry into an increasingly technological society. The Legislature recognizes that computers and other technologies are an integral part of the contemporary society and the state educational system."*

Education Code 51006 finds that,

*"Without adequate and early exposure to a basic computer education and computer resources, many students may be placed at a significant disadvantage in their opportunities to secure success in academics and the job market in the future."*

However, as evidenced by the results of this survey, districts will certainly find it difficult to add, maintain or even preserve functional computer labs. Until facility shortages are appropriately addressed, class size reduction goals will only be accomplished by displacing existing computer labs at individual school sites.

Special Education is another program that districts have reported significant program displacement as a result of the CSR requirements. Education Code Section 56000 states that,

*"The Legislature finds and declares that all individuals with exceptional needs have a right to participate in free appropriate public education and that special educational instruction and services for these persons are needed in order to ensure them of the right to an appropriate educational opportunity to meet their unique needs."*

Despite this declaration of every student's right to receive a quality public education regardless of their unique needs, school districts are being forced to displace Special Education programs from their campuses to meet CSR requirements. With a severe facility shortage facing districts throughout California, districts will undoubtedly continue to find it difficult to house Special Education Programs.

The responding districts also listed libraries as one of the top specialized programs and/or services displaced by CSR. Although Education Code Section 18100 requires that each school district,

*"provide school library services for the pupils and teachers of the district by establishing and maintaining school libraries or by contractual arrangements with another public agency,"*

districts have found it necessary to displace libraries as well. Some districts that reported school library displacement have either entered or are planning on entering into library joint-use arrangements with other local public entities in order to meet their obligation to maintain library services.

## Joint-Use Facilities

Our findings here indicate that "joint-use" arrangements between school districts and local public entities may be an increasingly attractive option for districts facing a shortage of facilities and/or physical space.

Education Code Section 17750 and 17751 authorize school districts to enter into joint-use agreements with local public entities for the use of libraries, parks, auditoriums, and recreation facilities. As defined by these code sections, "joint-use" is an arrangement in which a school district and a local public entity enter into an agreement to share the use of a facility by both students and the general public. One third of districts responding to the survey reported participating in or planning on entering into joint-use arrangements with local public entities.

The last statewide education bond included \$25 million for the facility construction of joint-use facilities throughout the state. In April, 1997, the State Allocation Board (SAB) adopted regulations for the disbursement of these funds. The SAB received 76 applications totaling \$51 million for the joint-use funds. However, due to the limited funds made available for joint-use projects under Proposition 203, only 37 of these applications were funded at a total of \$23 million.

With school districts anticipating a continued facility shortage, joint-use arrangements appear to be an increasingly attractive option. Identifying programs that have been displaced and that may be housed in joint-use facilities may alleviate some displacement at a relatively low cost.

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## OTHER:

Of the total number of districts responding, 127 school districts responded to this optional question. Although the responses varied among school districts, there were several issues of common concern. Only a small number of districts attempted to list specific code sections.

It appears that yearly additions to the Education Code add to the burdens facing school districts. Many districts asserted that the Education Code should be overhauled completely, giving more control to the local school districts and removing it from the state. Many districts also reported that they are required to spend a significant amount of their time on administrative duties causing resources to be diverted away from students' needs and the requirements of the basic instructional program. Some districts claim that the Education Code requires teachers to be more than just educators, noting that teachers now serve as administrators, social workers, and peace officers.

Among small school districts, it was noted that even though their administrative staff is much smaller than the large school districts, they are required to perform the same administrative duties and submit just as much paperwork, though they receive less funding. Many of the programs are not available to small school districts because they do not have the requisite number of students or because they do not have the ability to implement the programs due to lack of staff.

Facilities funding and red tape involved in construction projects were another major concern of school districts. There was a virtual consensus among districts that school construction bonds should be subject to a simple majority voter approval threshold and that the present requirements for new construction for schools are overly restrictive. Districts were concerned with proposed caps in developer fees, the 50/50 local funding match requirement, and bidding requirements that may inhibit the ability to build new schools.

For the most part, the Class Size Reduction (CSR) program was hailed as a positive step in the rebuilding of California's educational structure; however, CSR has clearly caused significant problems in the area of facilities. We found that not all school districts are receiving the necessary CSR facilities funds and that many districts are losing playgrounds to portables. The administrative requirements of CSR are time consuming and restrictive and cause many school districts to lose CSR funding. CSR has also resulted in some overcrowding in grades 4-8 and the loss of essential programs. CSR may not be a viable approach in the smallest school districts which only have one or two classrooms and cannot break down the classes into smaller sizes due to a lack of funding for staff. Many schools that are presently able to participate in the CSR program, but once growth occurs, they will lose the ability to participate due to lack of facilities and the district's inability to add new facilities.

Districts reported that special education and bilingual education requirements are underfunded or unfunded in many districts and encroachment on general fund resources may compromise the effectiveness of the regular educational program whenever districts attempt to comply with the



requirements of these programs. Districts expressed concern about the lack of qualified bilingual and special education teachers and the difficulty in finding qualified credentialed teachers in all categories. Districts stated that they are having to turn away potential teachers because those teachers are not credentialed in California, but are only credentialed out of state. Many districts felt that the process for out of state teachers to receive California credentials should be made easier to allow school districts to have a wider pool of teachers to choose from. It was further reported that many of the smaller districts are having a more difficult time finding credentialed teachers because teachers prefer working in larger school districts because the salary is higher than at the smaller school district level.

School districts also noted that unfunded mandates, lack of funding for transportation needs, lack of state standards, and lack of funding for state testing requirements were areas which restrict the district's ability to provide the best possible level of services to their students. For more detail on how individual school districts responded, please contact JLAC.

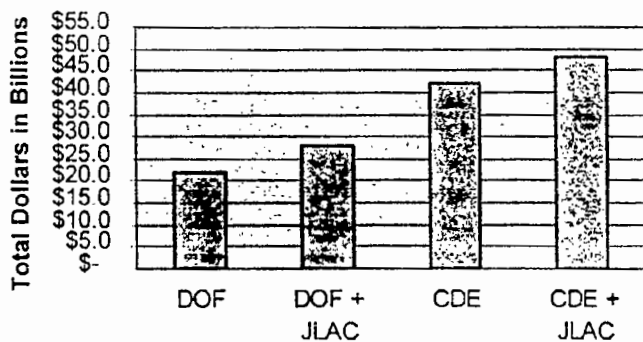
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# CALIFORNIA'S PROJECTED SCHOOL NEEDS

	DOF Estimate	CDE Estimate	JLAC Estimate
Growth in Student Population	\$11.06 billion	\$14.5 billion	NA
Class Size Reduction	1.19 billion	2.80 billion	6 billion
Child Care	0	.50 billion	NA
Modernization	6.14 billion	18.65 billion	NA
Deferred Maintenance	3.60 billion	6.00 billion	NA
Administrators			76 million
Teachers			846 million
Classified Employees			231 million
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$21.99 billion</b>	<b>\$42.01 billion</b>	<b>\$7.2 billion</b>

	DOF	DOF + JLAC	CDE	CDE + JLAC
Total \$ in Billions	\$21.9	\$27.9	\$42.0	\$46.4

Projected Facilities Needs



## **APPENDIX**

### **Were Programs Displaced -- 1996-97?**

Table 1

Group	N/A	No	Yes	Total
1	3	48	3	54
2	6	118	68	192
3	7	92	78	177
4	1	29	34	64
5	4	34	14	52
6	1	6	9	16
Total	22	327	206	555

Type	N/A	No	Yes	Total
ESD	5	222	129	356
HSD	17	11		28
USD		94	77	171
Total	22	327	201	555

### **Can CSR Goals Be Accomplished with Existing Facilities?**

Table 3

Group	N/A	No	Yes	Total
1	3	12	39	54
2	6	111	74	191
3	6	132	39	177
4	1	53	9	63
5	5	43	4	52
6		14	2	16
Total	21	365	167	553

Type	N/A	No	Yes	Total
ESD	4	228	122	350
HSD	17	5	6	29
USD		132	39	171
Total	21	365	167	553

### **Were Programs Displaced -- 1997-98?**

Table 2

Group	N/A	No	Yes	Total
1	3	49	2	54
2	5	121	62	188
3	7	107	63	177
4	1	36	26	63
5	4	32	15	51
6	1	8	7	16
Total	21	353	175	549

Type	N/A	No	Yes	Total
ESD	4	234	113	351
HSD	17	11		28
USD		108	62	165
Total	21	353	175	549

### **Will New Schools be Needed?**

Table 4

Group	N/A	No	Yes	Total
1	2	47	3	52
2	5	133	53	191
3	5	77	92	174
4	1	18	46	65
5	4	16	32	52
6	1	1	14	16
Total	18	292	240	550

Type	N/A	No	Yes	Total
ESD	2	212	136	350
HSD	15	10	4	34
USD	1	70	100	171
Total	18	292	240	550

**Are There Adequate Physical Sites for Construction?**

Table 5

Group	N/A	No	Yes	Total
1	5	10	38	53
2	7	53	135	195
3	3	56	115	176
4	4	16	50	68
5	3	16	32	51
6	1	5	11	17
Total	20	156	383	559

Type	N/A	No	Yes	Total
ESD	10	100	250	359
HSD	6	5	19	30
USD	4	51	114	169
Total	20	156	383	559

**Does the District Have Any "Joint Use" Facilities?**

Table 6

Group	N/A	No	Yes	Total
1	2	48	5	55
2	1	163	33	197
3	2	94	82	178
4		28	39	67
5	3	25	24	52
6		9	7	16
Total	8	367	190	565

Type	N/A	No	Yes	Total
ESD	2	258	103	363
HSD	6	14	10	30
USD		94	76	170
Total	8	367	190	565

# NEEDS ASSESSMENT SURVEY

District: \_\_\_\_\_

## PERSONNEL

1. Assuming that an adequate number of certificated personnel were readily available:

a. How many additional administrators and teachers would be needed in order to continue your 1996-1997 educational program or in order to implement any planned changes for the 1997-1998 school year, to cover staffing needs? Please consider retirements, terminations, and any other separations from service of 1996-1997 certificated personnel.

Administrators \_\_\_\_\_  
Estimated Cost \_\_\_\_\_  
Teachers \_\_\_\_\_  
Estimated Cost \_\_\_\_\_

b. How many teaching positions are currently filled by individuals possessing only an "emergency permit" as defined in Education Code Section 44300

c. How many teaching positions in grades K-3 are currently filled by individuals possessing only an "emergency permit" as defined in Education Code Section 44300?

---

2. If funding was available to fill all classified positions in your district in accordance with statutory requirements and the requirements of existing collective bargaining agreements, how many additional FTE's would you need to add in order to:

d. Maintain the 1996-1997 level of services? \_\_\_\_\_

e. Implement any planned changes in the level of services for 1997-1998 school year? \_\_\_\_\_

f. What would be the estimated cost to the district of (d) and (e) as listed above?

(d) \_\_\_\_\_

(e) \_\_\_\_\_

### FACILITIES

3. In order to achieve class size reduction goals (if applicable) and/or implement your planned 1997-1998 educational program without displacing any program or regular activity that utilized district facilities during the 1996-1997 school year or that currently utilizes district facilities:

- g. How many new classrooms would you need? \_\_\_\_\_

- h. Were any programs (adult education, child care, etc.) or any regular activities that utilized district facilities displaced to accommodate class size reduction in the 1996-1997 school year in your district?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," please identify the programs.

- i. Will any programs (adult education, child care, etc.) or any regular activities that utilize district facilities be displaced to accommodate class size reduction in the 1997-1998 school year in your district?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," please identify the programs.

- j. Can class size reduction goals be accomplished and/or your projected growth in enrollment be accommodated with existing district facilities without compromising non-classroom space such as playgrounds, libraries, computer labs, cafeterias, etc.?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

- k. Will class size reduction requirements or growth in enrollment projections require the construction of new school sites in your district before the year 2000?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," how many and at what level?

- l. Does your district have access to adequate physical sites for new construction if funding is available?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

- m. Is your district currently utilizing or considering any "joint-use" facilities with local government entities?

(Y)\_\_\_\_(N)\_\_\_\_

If you checked "yes," please describe.

- n. What would be the estimated cost to the district of (g), (k), or (m) as listed above?

(g) \_\_\_\_\_

(k) \_\_\_\_\_

(m) \_\_\_\_\_

**OTHER (Optional)**

4. Please list all sections of the Education Code and any other factors which you believe restrict or diminish your district's ability to maximize the delivery of quality instructional services to your students.

## School Districts that Responded

School District	ADA	Type
<b>GROUP ONE</b>		
COFFEE CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7	ESD
GREEN POINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	11	ESD
SAWYERS BAR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	12	ESD
LA GRANGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	14	ESD
LINCOLN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	14	ESD
PANOCHE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	16	ESD
CITRUS SOUTH TULE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	22	ESD
FORKS OF SALMON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	23	ESD
BOGUS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	25	ESD
RAVENDALE-TERMO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	25	ESD
SILVER FORK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	26	ESD
COX BAR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	28	ESD
MINERAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	29	ESD
SANTA CLARA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	30	ESD
CHINESE CAMP ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	31	ESD
UNION JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	31	ESD
MONTEBELLO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	33	ESD
LAGUNA JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	34	ESD
INDIAN DIGGINGS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	35	ESD
JUNCTION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	35	ESD
LAGUNITA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	35	ESD
BITTERWATER-TULLY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	36	ESD
DELPHIC ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	37	ESD
KIRKWOOD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	38	ESD
MOUNTAIN HOUSE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	41	ESD
WINSHIP ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	42	ESD
HOT SPRINGS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	44	ESD
FEATHER FALLS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	45	ESD
SEAD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	46	ESD
FRENCH GULCH-WHEATSTOWN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	50	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
INDIAN SPRINGS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	52	ESD
MCKITTRICK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	53	ESD
KNEELAND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	54	ESD
GARFIELD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	55	ESD
MERIDIAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	58	ESD
BIG LAGOON UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	59	ESD
GAZELLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	65	ESD
KLAMATH RIVIER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	67	ESD
ORICK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	67	ESD
NICASIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	68	ESD
ELK HILLS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	70	ESD
BURNT RANCH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	71	ESD
CASTLE ROCK UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	74	ESD
CAMPTONVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	78	ESD
MANFON JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	78	ESD
JUNCTION CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	82	ESD
ROBERTS FERRY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	82	ESD
HORN BROOK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	83	ESD
MISSION UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	83	ESD
HORICON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	88	ESD
RAYMOND-KNOWLES UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	88	ESD
HOWELL MOUNTAIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	89	ESD
ALLENSTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	93	ESD
BUTTEVILLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	95	ESD
MAGNOLIA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	98	ESD
NUSTRO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	98	ESD
<b>GROUP TWO</b>		
MONTGOMERY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	103	ESD
POPE VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	109	ESD
PINE RIDGE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	110	ESD
BURRUP UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	114	ESD
SAN ARDO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	117	ESD

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School District	ADA	Type
FIELDBROOK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	118	ESD
MUPU ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	120	ESD
PLEASANT VALLEY JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	120	ESD
OUTSIDE CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	125	ESD
PLAINSBOUR UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	125	ESD
SNELLING-MERCED FALLS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	126	ESD
LAKE DISTRICT SCHOOL	127	ESD
PLAZA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	134	ESD
CLEAR CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	135	ESD
PARADISE SCHOOL DISTRICT	135	
KNIGHTS FERRY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	136	ESD
DUNHAM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	137	ESD
ORO GRANDE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	139	ESD
MARCUM-ILLINOIS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	141	ESD
SHILOH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	141	ESD
BUENA VISTA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	143	ESD
OWENS VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	143	USD
WEST SIDE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	144	ESD
GRENADA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	145	ESD
MIDWAY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	151	ESD
DOUGLAS CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	152	ESD
MOUNTAIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	154	ESD
ALVINA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	155	ESD
BANGOR UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	159	ESD
LATHROP ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	162	ESD
POND UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	164	ESD
LOLETA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	165	ESD
DEHESA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	168	ESD
IGGO, ONO, PLATINA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	169	ESD
PLEASANT GROVE JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	171	ESD
LIBERTY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	178	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
REEDS CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	181	ESD
DELTA ISLAND UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	184	ESD
RICHFIELD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	189	ESD
DI GIORGIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	197	ESD
STONY CREEK JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	197	USD
VALLEY HOME JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	198	ESD
CLAY JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	199	ESD
TWO ROCK UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	206	ESD
SUNOL GLEN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	208	USD
MCCLOUD UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	213	ESD
BOLINAS-STINSON UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	216	ESD
MILLVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	218	ESD
NEW JERUSALEM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	218	ESD
ALTA-DUTCH FLAT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	220	ESD
VALLERTOS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	232	ESD
WILMAR UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	238	ESD
LIBERTY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	239	ESD
OPHIR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	240	ESD
MANZANITA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	241	ESD
MERCED RIVER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	241	ESD
WAUKENA JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	242	ESD
MAPLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	248	ESD
SAUSALITO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	248	ESD
ISLAND UNION ELEMENTARY	252	ESD
THREE RIVERS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	254	ESD
SAN PASQUAL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	257	ESD
BONNY DOON UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	258	ESD
FRESHWATER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	259	ESD
SURPRISE VALLEY JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	260	USD
BIG SPRINGS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	265	ESD
BLUE LAKE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	270	ESD
JOHNSTONVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	271	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
BANTA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	272	ESD
PRINCETON JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	274	USD
BELLVIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	278	ESD
LOS OLIVOS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	285	ESD
SHASTA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	288	ESD
MONTAGUE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	298	ESD
LUCERNE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	299	ESD
LAMMERSVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	304	ESD
PENRYN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	308	ESD
BALTIMORE-CRESSLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	310	ESD
BIG PINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	310	USD
ACKERMAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	313	ESD
CUYAMA JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	318	USD
GOLDEN FEATHER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	318	USD
OAK VIEW UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	318	ESD
NEWCASTLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	327	ESD
CHUALAR UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	328	ESD
ETNA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	328	ESD
SHANDON JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	337	USD
OAK VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	338	ESD
CINNABAR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	340	ESD
ORANGE CENTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	340	ESD
FRANKLIN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	350	ESD
RIO DELL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	357	ESD
SOMIS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	366	ESD
MARICOPA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	371	USD
ALVING-DAIRYLAND UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	374	ESD
SCOTIA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	377	ESD
SOUTH FORK UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	385	ESD
UPPER LAKE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	389	USD
BIG VALLEY JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	399	USD
ROSS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	402	ESD
BUTTONWILLOW UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	404	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
JACOBY CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	415	ESD
ELVERTA JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	421	ESD
KIT CARSON UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	422	ESD
SHAFER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	423	ESD
BRIGGS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	432	ESD
GEYSERVILLE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	433	USD
LAGUNITAS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	433	ESD
LEE GRAND UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	439	ESD
BORRIGO SPRINGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	441	USD
BAYSHORE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	443	ESD
MESA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	450	ESD
PALO VERDE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	459	ESD
FORT SAGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	460	USD
LOST HILLS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	471	ESD
PACIFIC UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	486	ESD
ARCOHE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	491	ESD
JULIAN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	491	ESD
MEADOWS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	495	ESD
SUNDALLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	499	ESD
COLFAX ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	502	ESD
HUGHES-ELIZABETH LAKES UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	502	ESD
KINGS RIVER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	502	ESD
COLUMBIA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	514	ESD
LAKESIDE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	517	ESD
WEED UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	517	ESD
GUERNEVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	519	ESD
MCCABE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	524	ESD
SUNNYSIDE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	526	ESD
ETNA UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	539	USD
HILLENDALE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	540	ESD
LANFAN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	544	ESD
BELLAVISTA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	550	ESD
CUTLER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	550	ESD
WILSONWOOD UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	550	ESD
KINGS RIVER-HARDWICK UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	552	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
GERBER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	554	ESD
RODNERVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	557	ESD
OAK GROVE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	558	ESD
CAMBRIA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	573	ESD
IRONA JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	576	USD
BUELLTON UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	580	ESD
CAMINO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	580	ESD
UNION HILL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	600	ESD
LAYTONVILLE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	601	USD
BRISBANE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	614	ESD
UPPER LAKE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	614	ESD
JUNCTION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	620	ESD
MOUNTAIN VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	625	USD
BRILLAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	628	ESD
GRAVENSTEIN SCHOOL DISTRICT	628	ESD
FERNDALE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	632	USD
TWIN RIDGES ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	633	ESD
EASTERN SIERRA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	644	USD
RANCHO SANTA FE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	661	ESD
PIONEER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	673	ESD
WOODLAKE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	678	USD
READY SPRINGS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	705	ESD
EMERY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	708	USD
LOS MOLINOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	717	USD
TOMIA PRIETA JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	721	ESD
GOLD TRAIL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	722	ESD
RIO BRAVO-GREELEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	723	USD
SCULSBYVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	730	ESD
FORESTVILLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	744	ESD
BISHOP JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	758	USD
EDISON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	759	ESD
FULLERTON BASIN JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	771	USD

School District	ADA	Type
FORESTHILL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	796	ESD
PLEASANT VALLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	803	ESD
CHATAM UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	804	ESD
TWAIN HARTER-LONG BARN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	809	ESD
BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	815	USD
EVERGREEN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	828	ESD
PACHECO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	834	ESD
SIERRA-PLUMAS JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	836	USD
VINELAND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	851	ESD
SHORELINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	858	USD
LARKSPUR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	869	ESD
HICKMAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	874	ESD
Mt. SHASTA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	877	ESD
COLUMBIA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	880	ESD
CALLISTOGA JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	883	USD
SONORA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	899	ESD
BRET HARTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	902	USD
ESPARO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	903	USD
BENNETT VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	905	ESD
HART-RANSOM UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	905	ESD
HERMOSA BEACH CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	923	ESD
SAN PASQUAL VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	923	ESD
GOLD OAK UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	950	ESD
FAFT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	953	ESD
BYRON UNIFIED ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	963	ESD
ARMONA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	968	ESD
PIONEER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	974	ESD
WILLIAMS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	978	USD
WEST FRESNO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	985	ESD
YREKA UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	991	ESD
<b>GROUP THREE</b>		
RIED UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,028	ESD
VALLE CITO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,089	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
SANTA YNEZ VALLEY UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,090	USD
KENTFIELD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,095	ESD
PIERCE JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,111	USD
HOPE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,125	ESD
LUCERNE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,135	USD
POLLOCK PINES ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,147	ESD
HUGHSON UNION ELEMENTARY	1,153	ESD
JAMUL-DULZURA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,157	ESD
ROSELAND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,162	ESD
COTTONWOOD UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,195	ESD
FORTUNA UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,197	ESD
VALLE LINDO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,197	ESD
MODOC JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,198	USD
FAIRFAX ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,204	ESD
WASHINGTON UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,210	ESD
KERNVILLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,215	ESD
DENAIR UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,223	USD
AROMAS/SAN JUAN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,280	USD
WRIGHT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,292	ESD
YREKA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,303	ESD
BONSALL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,304	ESD
NORRIS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,304	ESD
DURHAM UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,305	USD
HILLSBOROUGH CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,312	ESD
BELLEVUE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,381	ESD
PALERMO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,385	ESD
PALERMO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,385	ESD
SEBASTOPOL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,400	USD
WASCO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,412	ESD
WEAVER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,416	ESD
CALIPATRIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,419	USD
GRIDLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,424	ESD
RIVERDALE JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,429	USD
DELHI UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,447	USD
PLACERVILLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,448	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
GUSTINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,462	USD
SUSANVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,476	ESD
GONZALES UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,482	ESD
PLACER HILLS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,509	ESD
CLOVERDALE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,550	USD
MCKINLEYVILLE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,551	ESD
MARK WEST UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,579	ESD
BISHOP UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,580	ESD
COLUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,612	USD
CHOWCHILLA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,613	ESD
WOODLAKE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,631	ESD
PINER-OLIVET UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,632	ESD
ST. HELENA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,658	USD
KING CITY JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,695	ESD
FARMERSVILLE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,696	USD
FALL RIVER JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,720	USD
MOTHER LODGE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,748	ESD
SAN RAFAEL CITY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,801	ESD
MOUNTAIN EMPIRE USD	1,806	USD
KINGSBURG JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,833	ESD
LOOMIS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,856	ESD
LAKEPORT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,859	USD
LEMOORE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,859	ESD
MORAGA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,859	ESD
WHISMAN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,859	ESD
DIXIE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,892	ESD
SCOTTS VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,893	USD
WINTERS JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,962	USD
MENLO PARK CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,971	ESD
CORNING UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,979	ESD
NEWMAN-CROWS LANDING UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,993	USD
GOLDEN PLAINS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,994	USD
TEMPLETON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,048	USD
MENDOTA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,051	USD

School District	ADA	Type
WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,076	USD
ROBLA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,094	ESD
GRASS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,132	ESD
BLACK OAK MINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,143	USD
BURTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,150	ESD
LOS NIETOS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,150	ESD
SARATOGA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,158	ESD
FOWLER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,166	USD
LIVE OAK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,168	ESD
DEL PASO HEIGHTS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,169	ESD
FIREBAUGH-LAS DELTAS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,172	USD
SALIDA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,187	ESD
ALPINE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,194	ESD
IMPERIAL UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,215	USD
MILL VALLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,241	ESD
JOHN SWETT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,245	USD
EASTIDE UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,248	ESD
ORINDA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,322	ESD
FRUITVALE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,323	ESD
LINDEN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,326	USD
MILLBRAE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,333	ESD
RED BLUFF UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,347	ESD
KING CITY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,364	ESD
SOLANA BEACH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,369	ESD
RICHLAND-LERDO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,372	ESD
LIVINGSTON UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,398	ESD
OCEAN VIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,403	ESD
SOQUEL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,403	ESD
RIPON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,408	USD
THE MAR UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,429	USD
ANDERSON UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,434	ESD
GREENFIELD UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,470	ESD
LOS GATOS-SARA TOGA JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,501	ESD
SANTA RITA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,515	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
SAN CARLOS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,537	ESD
ARVIN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,538	ESD
WASCO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,553	ESD
STANDARD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,564	ESD
LOS GATOS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,605	ESD
EL SEGUNDO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,610	USD
WILLITS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,641	USD
MUROC JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,644	USD
RINCON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,659	ESD
PIEDMONT CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,662	USD
LAMONT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,708	ESD
VALLEY CENTER UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,719	ESD
MARIPOSA COUNTY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,744	USD
SILVER VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,803	USD
SAN BRUNO PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,829	ESD
Mt. PLEASANT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,848	ESD
BRENTWOOD UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,862	ESD
MOJAVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,884	USD
RESCUE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,907	USD
AUBURN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,912	ESD
WINDSOR UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,918	ESD
EUREKA CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,937	ESD
RIO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,946	ESD
MOUNTAIN VIEW-LOS ALTOS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	2,992	ESD
KEPPEL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,008	ESD
ESCALON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,041	USD
SAN MARINO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,076	USD
OAK PARK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,100	USD
LOWELL JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,102	ESD
EUREKA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,147	ESD
STANISLAUS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,176	ESD
THEALDSBURG UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,183	USD
WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,190	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
KONOCTI UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,195	USD
CORCORAN JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,279	USD
ROSEDALE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,289	ESD
GALT JOINT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,297	ESD
DINUBA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,300	ESD
SAN RAFAEL CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,317	ESD
SANTA CRUZ CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,335	ESD
LAFAYETTE SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,391	ESD
SOUTHERN KERN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,418	USD
REDDING ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,440	ESD
KERMAN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,476	USD
LOS ALTOS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,491	ESD
BEAR VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,551	USD
FILLMORE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,619	USD
BUCKEYE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,647	ESD
CUTTLE-OROSI JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,704	USD
DUBLIN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,723	USD
OROVILLE CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,768	ESD
SOUTH PASADENA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,805	USD
CALAVERAS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,897	USD
LAGUNA SALADA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,972	ESD
SOUTH WHITTIER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,022	ESD
TULARE JOINT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,039	HSD
WESTERN PLACER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,048	USD
ENTERPRISE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,049	ESD
COALINGA/HUION JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,061	USD
EMPIRE UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,068	ESD
NATOMAS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,073	USD
PASO ROBLES UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,078	ESD
OJAI UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,079	USD
DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,100	ESD
OAKLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,108	ESD
LA CANADA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,140	USD
MENIFEE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,204	USD
GOLETA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,397	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
LEMON GROVE ELEMENTARY	4,400	ESD
ATWATER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,400	ESD
GATEWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,411	USD
BANNING UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,496	USD
MORELAND ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,539	ESD
CYPRESS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,618	ESD
SULPHUR SPRINGS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,650	ESD
ORCUTT UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,669	ESD
PORTERVILLE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,680	HSD
SIESTA UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,752	HSD
ENCINITAS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,939	ESD
CENTRAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,994	ESD
<b>GROUP FOUR</b>		
LIANFORD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,014	ESD
HOLLISTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,041	ESD
UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,063	ESD
TAHOE-TRUCKEE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,079	USD
NORTH SACRAMENTO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,113	ESD
BUENA PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,221	ESD
BENICIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,278	ESD
TEMPLE CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,295	USD
ROSEVILLE CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,337	ESD
JEFFERSON UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,334	HSD
CENTER JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,374	USD
NORTH MONTEREY COUNTY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,451	USD
SELMA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,479	USD
PARADISE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,607	USD
NEWTALL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,634	ESD
DEL NORTE COUNTY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,680	USD
CULVER CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,698	USD
WASHINGTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,698	USD
GREENFIELD UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,717	ESD
DELANO UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,742	ESD



School District	ADA	Type
LOS BANOS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,743	USD
FALLBROOK UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,789	ESD
EL DORADO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,918	USD
SUNNYVALE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,923	ESD
BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	5,926	USD
MAGNOLIA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,027	ESD
RIM OF THE WORLD UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,078	USD
HUNTINGTON BEACH CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,265	ESD
CHARTER OAK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,395	USD
SYLVAN UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,400	ESD
LENNOX ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,480	ESD
CLAREMONT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,510	USD
SNOWLINE JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,540	USD
CAMPBELL UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,758	USD
WHITTIER CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,765	ESD
RAMONA CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,840	USD
PLEASANT VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT	6,850	ESD
PORTERVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,037	ESD
SEQUOIA UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,055	USD
TULARE CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,167	ESD
GARVEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,190	ESD
SAUGUS UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,463	ESD
ESCONDIDO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,486	USD
NOVATO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,616	USD
DAVIS JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,660	USD
SANGER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,662	USD
CAMPBELL UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,738	ESD
GLENDORA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,769	USD
CARLSBAD UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,816	USD
ALTA LOMA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	7,896	ESD
JEFFERSON SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,075	ESD
VICTOR VALLEY UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,119	USD
COTATI-ROBERT PARK UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,157	USD
VICTOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,334	ESD
SANTEE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,355	ESD

School District	ADA	Type
KINGS CANYON JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,364	USD
EAST WHITTIER CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,429	ESD
CENTRAL UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,804	USD
WEST COVINA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,968	USD
MURRIETA VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,111	USD
PALO ALTO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,117	USD
MORGAN HILL UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,210	USD
WOODLAND JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,297	USD
CERES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,458	USD
OCEAN VIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,467	ESD
MILPITAS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,788	USD
PALO VERDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,922	USD
MORONGO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,975	USD
SOUTH BAY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	9,975	ESD
<b>GROUP FIVE</b>		
WHITTIER UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,126	USD
SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,242	USD
SANTA MARIA-BONITA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,254	ESD
RIO LINDA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,455	ESD
LUCIA MAR UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,703	ESD
FRANKLIN-MCKINLEY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	10,870	ESD
LOMPOC UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	11,188	USD
EL MONTE CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	11,436	ESD
ALHAMBRA SCHOOL DISTRICT	11,592	ESD
AZUSA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	11,636	USD
FULLERTON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	11,880	ESD
MONTEREY PENINSULA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	12,119	USD
PANAMA BUENA VISTA UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	12,141	ESD
OAK GROVE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	12,168	ESD
LIVERMORE VALLEY JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	12,273	USD
APPLE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	12,307	ESD
WILLIAM S. HART UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	13,179	USD
OXNARD UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL	13,401	USD

School District	ADA	Type
LANCASTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	13,598	ESD
HUNTINGTON BEACH UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	13,647	HSD
FOLSOM-CORDOVA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	13,716	USD
NEW HAVEN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	13,787	USD
WALNUT VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,114	USD
OXNARD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,228	ESD
TUSTIN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,376	USD
SANTA CLARA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,386	USD
LA MESA-SPRING VALLEY	14,399	ESD
VACAVILLE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,539	USD
LAKE ELSINORE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	14,588	USD
HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	15,500	USD
PARAMOUNT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	15,843	USD
LYNWOOD UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	16,206	USD
ANTIOCH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	16,622	USD
JURUPA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	17,686	USD
MODESTO CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,157	ESD
CONejo VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,353	USD
ROWLAND UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,833	USD
SIMI VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	18,923	USD
DOWNEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	19,100	USD
CAJON VALLEY UNION ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	19,145	ESD
ANAHEIM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	19,471	ESD
NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	19,560	USD
FAIRFIELD-SUISUN UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	21,202	USD
NORWALK-LA MIRADA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	21,600	USD
HAYWARD UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	21,693	USD
GROSSMONT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	22,202	HSD
PASADENA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	22,490	USD
IRVINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	22,563	USD
EAST SIDE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	23,037	HSD
TORRANCE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	23,260	USD
PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	24,381	USD
VISTA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	24,874	USD

School District	ADA	Type
<b>GROUP SIX</b>		
ANAHEIM UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT	25,593	HSD
LODI UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	25,662	USD
KERN HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL DISTRICT	25,919	HSD
BAKERSFIELD CITY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT	26,854	ESD
ORANGE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	28,294	USD
COMPTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	28,839	USD
GLENDALE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	30,164	USD
CLAVIS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	30,627	USD
MORENO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	31,303	USD
SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	31,833	USD
MONTEBELLO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	33,147	USD
RIVERSIDE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	35,407	USD
MT. DIABLO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	35,834	USD
CAPISTRANO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	37,539	USD
SAN BERNARDINO CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	46,309	USD
SANTA ANA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	52,107	USD
PRESNO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	78,740	USD

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